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A LITTLE MISTAKE.

The Professor's keen, admiring glance
Fell on the pupil's face—
The rosy cheeks, the bright, black eyes,
The form of matchless grace,
Reclining with coquettish ease
Against the wooden bench—
"Allow me, Miss, to ask your name,"
She murmured, "Hi-en French."

The Professor started with a frown;
Could he have heard aright?
Could a depraved and hardened son
Shine through those eyes so bright?
And could he, should he, ought he to
Allow her to be free
And joke with him—a learned Prof.,
An A. M., Ph. D.?

The little maid turned white and red
And trembled 'neath his frown;
Upon the pretty, dimpled cheek
The tears went trickling down.
"Was this the way they treated girls
At this old, hateful college—
Co-eds who came five hundred miles
To get a little knowledge?"

Anatomically speaking,
The Professor had a heart,
And it thumped against his waist-coat
When he saw the tear-drops start;
So, taking out his handkerchief
And mopping off his head,
And wiping off his specta'cles
In soothing tones he said:

"I would suggest, Miss, when you joke
You choose some other game;
Now, please, at once to tell me what,
In English, is your name."
—[The Judge.

NELLIE'S MATCH.

"My dear child, Nellie Middleton is not a coquette—at least in the ordinary acceptance of the term. She has an exceeding desire to be liked, to be petted; to be something more than a mere acquaintance of those whom she admires. She is a general favorite among women, unless they chance to be jealous of her—though how she manages that doubtless you will soon be able to tell better than I; but with the men she has the art of finding out the thing which you especially desire to shine, and to appreciate your merit in that thing. For instance, when little thing she is, she discovered what my wife don't know yet, that I am not very proud of my scribbling—think it, in fact, very poor stuff, indeed; but I like to be considered as a man of fine taste and keen perceptions and sympathies. It didn't take Nellie more than three times to find that, and she is always appealing to those supposed qualities. I know perfectly all the time she is playing with me, and is only her way of making herself agreeable; that she isn't overwhelmingly anxious for my approval; that she isn't occupied when away from me in picturing to herself all my good and winning qualities, and yet I like it. When she is looking at me in her soft, appealing way she can twist me around her finger."

Vivia gave a little sigh.

"And you say she is coming this afternoon?"

"Yes; she will be here to supper."

Nellie came, dressed simply enough in black—a very pretty girl, fair, but not blonde, with brown hair brushed away from the wide, calm forehead; gray, cheerful eyes, and a face in general outline of feature not altogether unlike that of Marie Stuart.

She was quiet, almost silent. The girls looked at one another as if they would say: "Is this the paragon whom we were to dread?" and arched brows and pouting months in pretty contempt at me, not seeing, as I did, that Nellie was simply taking their gauge and a survey of her position.

She felt instinctively a certain stand-offishness assumed toward her by the feminine element, and set herself to combat it; found in less than a week a hundred ways of being useful and entertaining. She was skillful in devising ways in which to afford the girls tete-a-tetes with their respective "particulars," behaved, in short, more like a grandmother than a belle of 20; won them all over, even including Bell, who seemed to like her grudgingly and under protest, and then was ready for action.

During her week of quiescence there had been, though she had appeared unconscious of the fact, masculine observers. They had seen that she was not only lovely, but after that piquant fashion which depends much on expression, and keeps you busy studying it.

She sang sweetly, played well, conversed delightfully, had a keen eye and soft touch; grew on you, in short, strengthened her hold upon you day by day.

One thing, however, puzzled me—an unusual languor, almost timidity, in Nellie, and Otto Winstanley's almost incomprehensible conduct.

He had joined in none of the conversation anticipatory of her arrival, and when she was presented there was a start and sudden paleness on Nellie's part and a sudden dark upleaping of color and feeling to his face as he muttered something about a previous acquaintance.

I think no one else observed this, or the fact that his indolent flirtation with Bell glowed with sudden and unaccountable ardor since Nellie's arrival. Perhaps, also, no one else remarked that he certainly treated Miss Middleton with downright rudeness and neglect, or thought to ask themselves if a man was apt to be rude and neglectful toward a sweet and winning girl to whom he was perfectly indifferent.

But, be that as it might, two slow weeks went and I saw no more clearly into the mystery than I had done at first. But one evening Nellie came and sat down beside me in the twilight.

She sat very still, looked even paler than usual, and I caught myself pitying her, but at a loss how to manifest it. I remained silent.

Otto strolled in, and giving me a brief nod, sat down and began playing with Jip, the terrier. Having a vague idea that Nellie might be inclined to be more specific with him than me, I made Mrs. Polly do some one a good turn, for one of the few times in her life, and getting up a fiction about being wanted, left them alone. What afterward occurred I have from the best authority—Nellie herself.

They sat in the fast-growing twilight, memories busy at the heart of each; pride struggling with a feeling that, during those weeks, had fast, been growing too strong for it. Nellie, with bowed head and swimming eyes; Otto watching her, with face softening in spite of himself.

Suddenly Nellie rose with an air of desperation, and brushing past Otto, went over to the piano.

As she reached it something rang out sharply—a click, as of something metallic that had struck on the marble hearth.

Otto stooped to pick up something that shone in the red firelight just at his foot. She moved forward as if to prevent him; stood then, as if paralyzed, as he held up a ring—a simple little thing—only a plain gold circlet, bearing some words engraved on it, hanging from a chain attached to a hood like a watch guard.

Otto looked alternately at it and Nellie, who stood by him crimson and speechless.

"You have kept this all this time, Nellie?"

Nellie was silent.

"Why did you keep it?"

"I wanted something to wear on the chain, and I don't carry my watch."

"Oh, I thought perhaps you kept it for something for it after all!"

"You thought differently when we were last together."

"That is your assertion."

"Answer, then. I ask you to judge yourself. Had I not reason? Would not any man have been justified in being incensed and outraged at your conduct?"

"I was very young, very thoughtless. I never dreamed that you really cared. It was pleasant to talk and feel, and I liked to see you for the pleasure of the reconciliation."

"A strange pleasure, that was pleased with the pain it inflicted on what it loved the best. A strange thought she ners, that permitted me no freedom, but schemed an unbounded liberty for herself."

"You have said all those things once," returned Nellie, with some dignity, "and it was painful enough to hear them once."

"I had no intention of reproaching you," answered Otto; "forgive me if the bitterness of the heart my mouth spoke. It is so miserable to look at you and think what might have been, and how now we are hopelessly separated."

"Otto," said Nellie, timidly, "don't you think we might be friends? You need not treat me quite as an enemy. If you have suffered, so do I; and you cannot think what a pain it is to see the eyes that once were my light look coldly on me. It makes me wretched. Let us, at least, be friends."

Otto looked at her earnestly, took her hands and drew her toward him. Half unconsciously she sunk down on the little stool at his feet, her head close to his hand, that, following its old habitude, began to stroke the soft, bright hair. Presently——

"No," said Otto, firmly. "We can never be friends."

"You are unforgiving."

"Very. I will not hate an atom of my just rights. I must and will have you for my wife, as you once promised me to be, or nothing. Mere cool friendship will not satisfy me."

"And I was not very obstinate," concluded Nellie, archly, "as that was precisely why I came, knowing that he was here."

I have their wedding cards before me now, and now I am going to whisper in the ear of the public what I then thought: Nellie dropped the ring on purpose.

ILL-FITTING NAMES.

How the Sentiment Attaching to the Cognomen is Often Belied by the Possessor.

Says a writer in London Truth. Now is it not a pity that people's names fit so badly? Would it not be better not to give the Christian name until girls come of age? I once knew a family of nine girls, none of whom was christened until the youngest was 16 years of age. They used to be called Nos. 1, 2, and so on to 9. At 16 the character is sufficiently formed to be suited with a name, and no one would feel perplexed at hearing a great bouncing creature, who talks stable slang and whistles to her dogs, called Selina or Susan, or some such homely name; while, perhaps, all one's previous impressions of the probable Gertrude, or Adelaide, or Frances, receive a violent jerk on being confronted with the owners of those names.

And men's names are occasionally quite as anomalous. The only Frank I know is short and stout, and a slow thinker, who begins to dribble out his words before his thought is ready, and then has to make a clumsy pause while the poor slow thing is overtaking him. How different from the bright and winning Frank of fiction. How many Georges does one know who slay their dragons? And how many Jacks who kill their giants. Tom is somewhere near Jack, but less attractive, for these yielding, susceptible sinners are generally very likable. Andrew is not. He is slow and sure, and quite reliable, so far as his own interests jump with yours. I think I should hate to be married to an Andrew; that is, the typical Andrew.

As to John and James, they are either John and James, or else they are Jack and Jim, and worlds divide these from each other. James and John are fixed stars—Jim and Jack are planets, if not comets, with the exception that not all the science in the world could with certainty predict their movements. Then there is Alfred; often a quite unbearable prig, while Fred is the very contrary. Frederick is a very different man from Fred, and it seems as impossible for Harry to grow old as it is for Henry to be very young. Charley is surrounded by historic grace, which disappears when we examine into facts, but the frame is improved by the cloudy halo that surrounds it. But Charles? Oh, "Charles" is dreadful.

A Siberian Priest Ahead of Pasteur.

The French Professor Pasteur, who has made himself famous by inoculating men and cattle with disease germs to insure them against epidemics, ought to yield the palm of priority in that discovery to a humble priest of Siberia. In 1868, when the Siberian plague was killing the cattle in this place, Father Andrew Joakimansky of the Trotzky village, resorted to a desperate means in order to save his cows. He got some blood from a dying cow, saturated threads with that blood, and passed those threads through the ears of the healthy cows, numbering eleven. At the place where the ears were punctured there appeared tumors of the size of a pigeon egg. In a short time those tumors disappeared, and the cows remained alive and healthy, though the rest of the cattle of that village perished.

They Were Acquainted.

He was only a stray wolf of a yellow cur with no ancestry to boast of, but as he sat upon the wooden seat upon one of Boston's parks with a little chilo's tiny arm lovingly twined about his ugly thick neck and a sweet, cooing voice saying in his ear, "I love you, little doggie," he was as proud as any prize setter in the land. "Is that your dog, little boy?" asked a policeman as he passed the happy couple. "No, he doesn't belong to me, only I'm acquainted with him," answered the affectionate friend of the little tramp dog.

Seventy-eight Miles of Liquor Saloons.

It is estimated that London increases its population by 46,000 every year. It has 1,000 ships and 10,000 sailors in its port every day. Its beer shops and liquor saloons would, if placed side by side, form a row seventy-eight miles long.

A Devotee of the Game.

Proprietor of sporting goods house (to college freshman who has just purchased a complete base ball outfit)—Anything else to-day, sir?

Freshman—H'm, do you keep base ball literature?

Proprietor—Oh, yes, everything ever written.

Freshman—Well, you might give me a copy of "The Rise and Fall of the Roman Umpire."

Origin of the Handkerchief.

The term "handkerchief" is not found earlier than the fifteenth century, when in the wardrobe accounts of Edward IV., of England, "Vilozen haud converchieffes" are named as having been made by one Alice Shapster, to whom a payment had been made. A handkerchief was formerly the square of fine linen employed by women for covering the head.

THE BEAUTY OF ARKANSAS.

Fascinating Features of an Indian Woman Who Chewed Tobacco.

They were sitting, a number of kindred spirits, spinning yarns in the law office of Cox & Grider the other afternoon. The conversation had turned on the subject of beautiful women and where the handsomest women were to be found. There was a great diversity of opinion, the majority stoutly maintaining, of course, that the girl par excellence was not to be seen outside the glorious sovereignty of old Kentucky.

"Gentlemen," remarked the old Colonel, who had been appealed to for his views of the situation, "the most perfect figure and the prettiest face I ever saw were in the wilds of Arkansaw. A party of us were out hunting over in the swamps between the White and Arkansas rivers. Toward sunset we came to a deep and muddy bayou, which we knew at a glance it would be impossible to ford. On the opposite shore a canoe of the 'dugout' pattern indigenous to the country was moored. Away behind the trees a blue wreath of smoke curled quietly heavenward, marking the place where some settler had built his cabin in the lonely waste. After a series of yells from our guide which would have reflected credit on a Comanche brave about to take the warpath, a woman glided down to the bank on the other side, gracefully seated herself in the canoe and commenced paddling toward us with strong, swift strokes. As she neared the place where we were standing we all saw she was young—not more than nineteen—and with a face of surpassing loveliness. Her complexion was of that perfect brunette type only to be found in those whose ancestors for many generations have lived beneath sunny skies; her cheeks had the indescribable tint so often seen on the sun kissed side of a ripe peach; her mouth was exquisite, with pouting lips like twin cherries; her hair floated down her back in silken, shining wavelets nearly to the ground; and her eyes! ah, gentlemen, how shall I describe the midnight splendor or the transcendent glories to be seen in the liquid depths of those dark orbs?

"As she stepped lightly out on the bank and stood holding the 'dug out' for us to get into," continued the old gentleman, "she displayed the most ravishingly perfect figure I ever beheld. She was dressed in the single cotton garment, fashioned of coarse 'factory,' which is worn by the females of her class in those distant wilds. It had evidently been made a year or two before, for she had outgrown it to such an extent that it in perfectly performed the duties for which it had been constructed. It revealed a bust with which in artistic outlines the famous Venus di Medici could not for a moment compare. The short skirt permitted a glimpse of her ankles, that were absolutely faultless, and—"

I have a book here, gentlemen, which I should like to show you, if you will permit me, said a dapper little fellow stepping briskly into the room.

He was met with a howl of dissent from the Major and the Judge, and the Captain and the old Squire, so wild and fierce that he never stopped running until he was down the stairs.

"Go on, Colonel; oh, go on!" was the unanimous demand of his listeners. The old Judge stepped quietly over, closed the door and locked it, remarking his American heart would be badblinged if he proposed that story would be interrupted any more if the court knew herself, or words to that effect.

"I don't know that I have any more to tell," was the reply."

"Colonel," solemnly said the venerable Major, "if you leave that peerless girl standing there holding a canoe on the bank of that muddy bayou, I'll hold you personally responsible—I will, as sure as there is a God in heaven."

"We didn't leave her there," responded the Colonel. "She paddled us across the stream, and when we asked what she charged she said, 'Oh, nuthin,' I reckon; pop went a b'ar huntin' this mawnin' an' took all his terbacker with him; ef one o' you fellers 'll give me a chaw I'll call it squar.' We gave her a chaw and went on about our business. I never saw her again."

"I believe you're a liar," vociferated the Judge, as he unlocked the door. "An infernal old baldheaded liar."

"So do I," chimed in each of the listeners as they passed out and followed the irate leader down the stairs to the street below.

The question of which State produces the most beautiful women is still before the house.—[Louisville Courier-Journal.

A New Anecdote of Uhland.

A new Uhland anecdote is sure of a wide welcome. Although the poet delighted to take his subjects from the knighted and romantic middle ages, when feudalism was everywhere in force, he was essentially a poet of the people. The Prussian king, Frederick William IV., decreed him the Order Pour le Merite, with flattering expressions of the royal regard. Uhland, however, declined to accept. While he was explaining to his wife the reason which moved him to refuse the distinction, there was a knock at the door. A working-class girl from the neighborhood entered, and presenting Uhland with a bunch of violets said, "This is an offering from my mother." "Your mother, child?" replied the poet; "I thought she died last autumn." "That is true, Herr Uhland," said the girl, "and I begged you at the time to make a little verse for her grave, and you sent me a beautiful poem. These are the first violets which have bloomed on mother's grave; I have plucked them, and I like to think that she sends them to you with her greeting." The poet's eyes moistened as he took the posy, and putting it in his buttonhole he said to his wife, "There, dear woman, is not that an order more valuable than any king can give?"

Summoning the Doctor.

"Doctor," said an anxious citizen, "something has happened to my wife. Her mouth seems set and she can't say a word."

"Why, she must have lockjaw!" said the doctor."

"Do you think so? Well, if you are up my way some time next week I wish you would stop in and see what you can do for her."

Complimenting the Baby.

Young Mother (displaying her first born to occupant of the room above)—Is she not a dear little thing, Major Beeswax? Do you notice what a sweet little double chin she has?

Major Beeswax (a bachelor)—Ye-es, and I'm somewhat surprised.

Young Mother—Surprised?

Major Beeswax—Yes ma'am. From what I have heard during the past night or two I fully expected to see a triple chin.

His Joke Did Not Save Him.

"You are here every week. What is the matter with you? You're a nuisance," said a Police Justice, to Michael Walsh.

Michael's face was in a broad smile as he replied, "Well, even if I am, Judge, you wouldn't commit a nuisance, would you?"

"One month," said the Judge.

"It didn't work," was all Walsh said as he was walked away.

Likely to Get the Other Place, Too.

Let the gods have the heavens, but let us have the earth.—[Bob Ingersoll.

SLEEP OF CHILDREN.

An Important Matter—The Beds That Ought To Be Used.

This is scarcely a secondary matter to food and dress. We know how few days one can retain their reason or life if sleep be utterly prevented. There are fearful tales of deaths from this torture alone.

Firstly, children, at least a nervous child, should sleep alone. Its stronger bedfellow draws upon its strength in not yet explained manner, and one will be too hot and the other too cold with the same blankets.

An aged or weary person also exhausts the vitality of a child. In most elegant homes we see the double beds being replaced by two single ones, side by side. The change has wrought incredible marvels in the health and temper of children.

Again, all children and most adults should have beds which yield to the body. Children are much more likely to suffer in this regard, their prettiest cradles and cribs often having slat or stiff wicker bottoms which would make even our stronger muscles ache. Twice as long sleeps would they take and wake smiling, did we give them the most elastic woven spiral wire with not too heavy a bed atop. The old fashioned, cord-bottomed bedsteads were poorly replaced by any slats or cheap springs; or the light stir-up-able straw beds by their modern substitutes of moss, cotton, excelsior or indeed tied mattresses of any sort except curled hair. The English have followed none of these cheap fashions of misery, and, indeed, every thrifty English, Irish, German or Scandinavian girl emigrant used to bring her feather bed, knowing that a bed must yield to support all parts of the body to rest it.

A hair mattress in two parts weighing a little more than thirty pounds, over a feather bed on a woven wire mattress is the ideal bed. The single wire mattress costs but $3, and with merely a comforter is better than the average children's bed.

A nice cradle or crib bottom can be made of a piece of the woven wire tacked on, or of elastic web being tacked across at distances of four inches. I-beds are not yielding, children will lie on their backs, heating them much more than is feared in a soft bed, if the clothing is fitly loosened and removed, as should be even in day naps. The longer naps and the freedom from taking cold through perspired clothing when awakened will amply compensate in time for the few minutes spent.

Spontaneous Combustion.

Some one has estimated that the time thrown away in this world in courting the girl you want to marry, and who is ready to marry you, would build all the railroads and bridges and tunnels and factories and public buildings. The white race should take a lesson in this from the colored people. The other day a likely young colored man stood at a gate in Birmingham, Ala. A likely young colored woman came along with a dog.

"Hi, dar!" he called, "but mebbe you want to sell dat dog?"

"No, sah."

"Mebbe your name is Lucinda?"

"Yes, sah."

"I allers dote on dat name. Ize called Gawge."

"Dat's pleasin'."

"Ize looking', you know?"

"Y-yes."

"Got money saved up, an' a stidy job ahead. Shall I speak to de ole man?"

"He's in Orleans."

"Den I'll see de ole woman."

"She's dead."

"Well, den I'll ax you to be my wife right now."

"You's foolin'."

"'Deed, no."

"Hain't got nobody else?"

"Nobody, 'tall."

"Reckon we'll hitch?"

"'Co'se we will—can't help it."

"Wall, den, I'll say yes, an' to-night you come down to Mrs. Grumley's kitchen an' we'll sot de day an' sorter git acquainted."

"Lucinda, I—"

"Go 'long, Gawge! Ize dun said yes, an' dat's 'nuff. Come airly."

"So long, 'Cinda!"

"By-by, Gawge!"

The Eccentricities of the Telephone.

The first night after I placed a telephone in my office my wife fell dangerously ill and I at once rushed to the telephone and called up the doctor. After describing my wife's symptoms, I waited for an answer. Presently a voice came borne to my ear:—

"Give her a good washing; that's all she needs; you can't expect her to work well for five years without washing. I would turn the hose on her if I were you; and when the dirt is all off polish her up with rags dipped in coal oil."

I was so paralyzed I could not speak for a moment, but I then rung up another doctor, told him how sick my wife was and asked him what to do. And this was the answer:—

"Hang her up by the heels where the sun can strike her and when you have taken the hide off soak it in alum for three days——"

But, with a howl of rage, I rushed off and walked a mile for a doctor.

I subsequently found that the fiend at the central office had switched me with a mechanic and then a tanner, and it was but a brief hour before the fiend lay cold in death.

HINTS FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Suggestions as to Some of the Things They Ought to Do.

Do be natural. A poor diamond is better than a good imitation.

Do try to be accurate, not only for your own sake, but for the sake of your sex. The incapacity of the female mind for accuracy is a standard argument against the equality of the sexes.

Do observe. The faculty of observation, well cultivated, makes practical men and women.

Do try to be sensible; it is not a particular sign of superiority to talk like a fool.

Do be ready in time for church; if you do not respect yourself sufficiently to be punctual, respect the feelings of other people.

Do avoid causes of irritation in your family circle; reflect that home is the place in which to be agreeable.

Do be reticent; the world at large has no interest in your private affairs.

Do cultivate the habit of listening to others; it will make you an invaluable member of society, to say nothing of advantages it will be to you when you marry; every man likes to talk about himself; a good listener makes a delightful wife.

Do be contented; "martyrs" are detestable; a cheerful, happy spirit is infectious; you can carry it about with you like a sunny atmosphere.

Do avoid whispering; it is as bad as giggling. Both are to be condemned; there is no excuse for either one of them. If you have anything to say, say it; if you have not, do hold your tongue altogether. Silence is golden.

Do be truthful; do avoid exaggeration. If you mean a mile, say a mile, not a mile and a half. If you mean one, say one, and not a dozen.

Do, sometimes at least, allow your mother to know better then you do. She was educated before you were born.

IN A SALT MINE.

A Glittering City Underground With Many Streets—Pillars of Crystal.

Going down into a salt mine is taking a glimpse at wonderful things, according to a correspondent of the London News, who writes:

"Light a few candles," was the order passed as we were leaving Winsford; and I am under the impression that the hole down below is like any other hole, and that the "few candles" will give us light enough for the space of some three or four yards. But we shall see. We step into our iron bucket. The door thereof is closed upon us. The signal is given. There is a hesitating, trembling motion, and we drive swiftly into Plutonian night, straight, sheer through a funnel 320 feet deep, and 3 feet 6 inches across the rim of our bucket now and again grinding, scraping, bumping, screeching against the narrow walls.

After the first few seconds have passed one cannot tell, from one's sensations merely, whether one is going up or down, or is suspended at rest. There is only the trembling of the invisible steel ropes and the scraping sound in the walls. In a minute more we touch the floor of the underworld with the lightness of a feather. In the name of all the fairies and goblins and gnomes and sprites of the earth, what have we there? Oh! Master Robert, "a few candles." The city of Dis illuminated—this is what meets my astonished gaze. Open spaces, endless streets turning and winding off in all directions, and outlined in spots of light, and in the farthest distance an ornamental group of lights, as if on a wall or on some vast supporting pillar.

It is as if one looks from some point or vantage upon the lights of a town in a dark night, without moon or stars; not a town with empty space over it, but a town under a horizontal ceiling thirty-three feet above the pavement. On this level pavement the massed bands of the British army may play Strauss' music and the whole of the London West End spin round on "light fantastic toe." The first feelings of surprise over, I examine my surroundings in a leisurely detail. At some distance in front of us looms a dark mass with a horizontal line of lights half way up it.

The three of us—Mr. Verdin, the guide and myself—approach it, each carrying a lighted candle across the floor, which appears to be as level as the floor of a drawing-room, and which is covered with a thin carpet of salt, fine as powder and dry as tinder. Wherever the light falls upon it the dark objects glitters as if it were encrusted with rubies and diamonds. It turns out to be a huge square pillar, extending from floor to ceiling. Each of its four sides measure 12 yards, it is 33 feet high and it is nothing but a mass of crystals.

At every 25 yards, north, south, east, west, stands one of these gigantic columns—all of them, like this one, masses of many-tinted salt crystals, and with the diamond flash darting from their sides, the plan of this wonderful colonnade is now obvious. The miners have been cutting their way all these many generations through the solid rocksalt, horizontally, cleaning a smooth floor below their feet, leaving a smooth ceiling over their heads, and, at the already named distance, those enormous pillars, whose function it is to prevent the roof—that is, the 330 feet of the earth's crust—from falling in. The ceiling is too high to respond very liberally to the flicker of our candle lights; but in a hundred spots it twinkles like stars peering through the clouds at night. They look as though they had the strength of doom, those pillars, and were destined to last to the crack thereof.

A Great Diamond.

The Amsterdam correspondent of the Manufacturing Jeweler tells the story of the immense African diamond—weighing 457 carats in the rough—which is in process of being cut by Mr. Jacques Metz, one of the largest diamond-cutters of that city. The stone is said to have a somewhat curious history, and, though its exact birthplace is only a matter of conjecture, it is known that it was found by somebody in one of the four mines of Kimberley, in Cape Colony, South Africa.

It is said that in June or July of 1884 one of the surveillance officers of the Central Mining Company in the Kimberley Mine found the stone, and, being exempt from search, carried it through the searching-house unperceived and sold it to four irregular dealers for $15,000. Before leaving the province the new owners had a night of drinking and gambling, which ended in two of them becoming its owners instead of four. The two owners escaped the secret police and reached Cape Town, where they found a dealer who readily paid them $95,000 for the stone. There is an export duty on diamonds shipped from Cape Colony of one-quarter per cent., but it appears this stone was smuggled out of the colony by a passenger on the mail steamer and brought to London, where its presentation at Hatton Garden created a great sensation.

A former resident at the Cape mines managed to form a company of eight persons, who bought the stone between then for £225,000 cash, on condition that the seller or sellers should receive a ninth share of the eventual profits. The real value of the stone has been estimated in London at above $1,000,000. According to the rules of valuation of the famous Travenier diamond, its value would be $4,166,980. The correspondent says that the art of diamond-polishing existing in Amsterdam for more than three centuries, has been brought to such perfection that it is expected that this stone, weighing in the rough 457 carats (and said to be whiter and purer than any of its historical predecessors) will lose in working much less than other famous stones; that it will be more rapidly finished, and it has every chance of remaining the largest and finest diamond in the world.

The Island of Anticosti.

Anticosti is a low strip of rocks, miserable soil and peat, 180 miles long by 30 wide, lying off the coast of Labrador. It is rich only in geological fields. It is death-strewn from end to end; during the last ten years 105 vessels of all kinds, 2,000 souls, and $8,000,000 have been cast upon its deserted shores.

The Woodshed Lesson.

"Now, you young scamp," said Blinks, sr., as he led his youngest out into the woodshed and prepared to give him a dressing down. "I'll teach you what is what." "No, pa," replied the incorrigible, "you'll teach me which is switch." And then the old man's hand fell powerless at his side.

On the Eve of Boyhood.

A gentleman passing along the street saw two children, apparently five and six years old, playing in the gutter. The elder were pantaloons, while the younger still clung to infantile dresses. Stopping, he addressed the boy with pantaloons: "Are you both boys?" "No," was the answer: "I'm one, and Johnny's going to be one next week."

The Joke of Maud's Pa.

Papa (soberly)—That was quite a monstrosity you had in the parlor last evening. Maud (nettled)—Indeed! That must depend upon one's understanding of the term "monstrosity." Papa (thoughtfully)—Well, two heads upon one pair of shoulders, for example.

THE PROGRESS OF POLITENESS.

A Dream of What May Yet Be.

From Puck.

The common people are becoming more and more refined year after year.—[Recent Periodical.

Office Boy.—"I regret, sir, that I cannot with certainty in form you at exactly what hour my respected employer will return."

(Old Style.—"How do I know when the boss 'll be in? He didn't leave no word!")

Policeman.—"I trust you will not be offended, sir, if I take the liberty of informing you that I cannot allow you to stand longer on this corner."

(Old Style.—"Move on, young feller, or I'll club the whole top of your head off!")

Hotel Clerk.—"I cordially welcome you to our humble hospitality, my dear sir, though it deeply humiliates me to tell you that the sky-parlor is the only room at your disposal, just now."

(Old Style.—"Seven dollars in advance, please. Jimmy, show this man up to 4-11-44, under the roof!")

Milkman.—"Will the good people of this house kindly take notice that the pure and undiluted Orange County milk is at the door?"

(Old Style.—"Wo-o-o-o-o-p!")

Elevated R. R. Brakeman.—"Ladies and gentlemen, will you kindly accelerate your motion as much as possible? Our stoppage here is necessarily short."

(Old Style.—"Step lively, there! This train can't stop here all day!")

Hack-driver.—"It pains me to decline the pleasure and honor of driving you to Harlem for less than two dollars, sir."

(Old Style.—"Two dollars, bean, not a cent less. Do you think I'm drivin' this cab fur my health?")

A Chance for an Argument.

"Tobacco as well as whiskey, my dear friend, is an evil," remarked a temperance advocate to a l

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
FRIDAY, - - NOVEMBER 20, 1885.

THE Historical Society of Pennsylvania will soon celebrate in Philadelphia the setting up of the first printing press in that city by William Bradford, in 1685, two hundred years ago. There will be appropriate addresses on the occasion and a gathering of the craft from all parts of the country.

IT is well known that Mahone is physically a very small man and in sporting circles would be called a "light weight." Before the Virginia election he only weighed ninety-two pounds, and as he has resolutely refused to go on the scales since then no man knows what his weight is now. But it can be guessed at.

ANTHONY M. KEILY, of Virginia, who was first appointed by Mr. Cleveland United States Minister to Italy, and afterwards Minister to Austria, both of which missions he was compelled to resign owing to the unwillingness of each of the governments named to receive him, has left Richmond and taken up his permanent residence in New York.

MR. VILAS, the Postmaster General, has abolished an office in Utah Territory, not because the Mormon postmaster did not give entire satisfaction to the community he served, but because that community was composed entirely of himself, his four wives and their seventeen daughters. Nobody else patronized the office, and besides this a man, under the Edmunds act of Congress, with four wives or any number beyond one, is incapable of holding a public office.

JOHN M. LAIRD, the veteran editor of the Greensburg *Argus*, states in his paper that at the late general election he cast his ballot for the *sixty-fourth* time, and always for the Democratic ticket. Only *twice*, he adds, has he scratched a name from the regularly nominated ticket of his party. What a rich and interesting fund of political reminiscences must be at the command of Mr. Laird, who commenced voting when James Monroe was President and Joseph Hiester was Governor of Pennsylvania.

THE National Butter, Egg & Cheese Association, which recently held a convention at Chicago, decided to ask Congress to impose a duty on imported eggs in order to protect the American hen from the pauper hens of Europe.—As German sauerkrout is compelled to pay a pretty steep tariff for the benefit of the American cabbage raiser, there seems to be no good reason why the hens of the country should not be taken under the protecting wing of the government.

MAHONE proposes to demonstrate by facts and figures the magnitude of the frauds by which, he says, his party was defeated at the late election in Virginia. He gave forth a very loud yelp about intimidation of the colored voters and a false count when Cleveland carried the State a year ago, although the colored preachers in Virginia, who are nearly all Republicans, declared that the election had been fairly and honestly conducted. "Mahone means well," as the Philadelphia *Record* remarks, "but seems unable to appreciate the fact that he is dead, and died intestate."

SERVIA has declared war against Bulgaria and some fighting has already taken place with the advantage in favor of Servia. They are both provinces of Turkey, in Europe, and if left to themselves to fight out the dispute the affair would not cause much more excitement outside of their own limits than a pitched battle at Donnybrook Fair formerly created in Ireland. Russia and Austria, Turkey and Germany, however, are directly interested in the quarrel, and no man can foresee what immense proportions the matter may eventually assume.

THE New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Record* thinks there is a good deal of foolish talk about Governor Hill as the next Democratic candidate for the Presidency, but that none of it comes from the Governor himself or his immediate friends. "I knew Mr. Hill," the correspondent adds, "when he was first a member of the Legislature, and have always admired him and believed him to be honest and fearless. With a Republican Legislature to give him a chance for the proper exercise of the veto power, he will make his mark in the next three years. One thing is certain, the politicians will make a mistake if they underrate or try to ignore David B. Hill."

ACCORDING to a dispatch in the Philadelphia *Times* from Portland, Maine, Mr. Frye, one of the Republican United States Senators from that State, said on Saturday last in a conversation that the appointments to office made by Mr. Cleveland ought to be considered by Republican Senators in precisely the same way as if they had been made by a Republican President, that if the man appointed is of good character and qualified for the place he should be confirmed without reference to political questions, and that if there is opposition to the confirmation in any case the burden of proof should be on those who make the objection. Mr. Hale, the other Senator from Maine, is credited with saying that he believes in making no factious opposition to the President's appointments. There are Republicans in the Senate, however, chief amongst whom is Conger, of Michigan, whose son the President permits to hold the office of Postmaster at Washington City, who will undertake by the binding force of a caucus decree, if they can secure its passage, to give the President any amount of trouble, but the success of Conger and his set in the business of obstruction is by no means flattering.

IMMEDIATELY after the late election three or four Democratic newspapers in different parts of the State undertook to hold Mr. Hensel, Chairman of the State Committee, responsible for the result, and plainly intimated that a change should be made in the headship of the Committee when the proper time arrives. Did any one of the editors of these papers expect or believe that Conrad B. Day would be elected State Treasurer? If he did we have only to say that the past history of Pennsylvania politics has failed to teach him a lesson that is well understood, and that is that Pennsylvania is a Republican State, and that Republican voters will sustain a State nomination no matter how objectionable the candidate may be. There wasn't a single delegate to the State convention at which M. S. Quay was nominated who was not perfectly familiar with his corrupt and rotten record, nor was there a reading and intelligent Republican voter in the State who was not equally familiar with it. No movement was made anywhere in the State by the Republicans, except a small side-show performance in Philadelphia, tending in any degree to prove that the Republican party was not a unit in favor of the "brilliant statesman" from Beaver county. And with this acknowledged condition of the contest staring every sane man in the face, Mr. Hensel, according to these wise-after-the-fact and progressive editors, was expected to revolutionize the State and elect Mr. Day, whose fair, honorable and spotless record when contrasted with Quay's, ought to have been sufficient of itself in a healthy State of public opinion, to have turned the scale in his favor without Mr. Hensel raising his hand or opening his lips. This was an off year, as it is called; there was no excitement in either party, nor could any have been created by either Mr. Hensel or Thomas V. Cooper, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, no matter how vigorous their efforts might have been in that direction. The campaign naturally drifted listlessly along with a may the devil-take-the hindmost feeling of indifference pervading both parties, and resulted in 111,655 Democrats and 149,110 Republicans refusing to go to the election, as compared with the vote of last year. If Mr. Hensel is to be ostracised for not marching this army of Democratic sluggards to the polls, what punishment ought to be meeted out to the more unsuccessful Thomas V. Cooper, who in a campaign is always as busy as a bee, for his failure to drum up so large a percentage of the Republican voters throughout the State? They both did what they could; both of them, like Glendower, could call spirits from the vasty deep, but they would not come, and when voters refuse to go to an election, that is an end to the argument. When William A. Wallace was Chairman of the State Committee he enjoyed the well earned reputation of being a remarkably able and efficient political organizer, but he could not accomplish impossibilities and in campaign after campaign the Democracy of the State went down to defeat. What other Democrat in the State occupying Mr Hensel's place could have done better than he did under the circumstances in the campaign that has recently closed? No such man can be named, and the fault finding editors who have been abusing him and snapping at his heels, are simply gnawing at a file.

THE tax law passed by the last Legislature will be found on the fourth page of our paper. The most important portions of the act are printed on the sheet of paper containing the long list of questions handed to each taxpayer by the Assessor of his district, which are to be answered and sworn to by the former. We furnish our readers with the entire act. This law, like the most important acts of every session of the Legislature, was delayed in its passage until the very last moment, and could not therefore have received the careful and serious consideration that ought to have been bestowed upon it. No man likes to be compelled to answer under oath questions having for their purpose a disclosure of his worldly wealth for taxation, under the pains and penalties of perjury if he don't tell the whole truth. The law as a whole, and some parts of it in particular, has created a perfect storm of opposition throughout the State, and will in the end, we think, prove to be a dismal failure. Every taxable citizen to whom is given, as the law requires, a printed list of the questions which he must answer under oath, can see for himself the dimensions of the paper, and as the Assessor must return all of them to the County Commissioners, by whom they must be preserved, it would not be many years, if the law remains in force, until the vault in their office would be too small to contain the mass of accumulated rubbish. When the bill was before the House on its final passage 99 Republicans, 36 Democrats and 1 Greenbacker voted for it, and 27 Republicans and 14 Democrats voted against it.

LOUIS RIEL, the half breed Canadian rebel, was executed at Regina on Monday last. He met his fate calmly and with great courage. His death has caused intense excitement among the French Canadians, and the refusal of the Government to commute his sentence into imprisonment for life is generally regarded as a great mistake that may lead to serious consequences hereafter. The half-breeds for whose cause Riel stood forth as the champion, have undoubtedly much to complain of, and it is their misfortune that in seeking redress they have to deal with a government like that of Great Britain.

THE following Philadelphia appointments were made by the President on Tuesday last: William F. Harrity, Postmaster, and John M. Campbell, Surveyor of the Port. On the same day Mr. Manning, Secretary of the Treasury, appointed William D. Kendrick to be Shipping Commissioner for the same Port. Messrs. Harrity and Campbell are representatives of the young Democracy of Philadelphia, well known throughout the city and well qualified for their respective positions. Both are lawyers, the latter being a son of Judge Campbell, who was Postmaster General under President Pierce. Mr. Kendrick is an older man and has always been prominent in the councils of his party.

GREAT FIRE AT GALVESTON.

Breaks out at Midnight in a Foundry and Rages Fiercely.

GALVESTON, Texas, November 13.—2:15 A. M.—A most destructive fire is now raging in the eastern part of the city, between 16th and 17th streets. The fire broke out at 1:40 o'clock in a small foundry on the north side of Strand street near the corner of Sixteenth. The flames spread rapidly under a stiff north wind, and the prospects at this time are that Galveston will suffer great loss. Six dwelling houses have already been destroyed, and immense clouds of sparks are being carried four and five squares over the roofs of wooden houses. The entire fire department is on the ground, but seems paralyzed and unable to fight the flames, on account of the fierce wind and suffocating smoke.

SEVEN SQUARES BURNING.

3:45 A. M.—The fire at this hour has spread seven squares, and has become a great conflagration. Fully fifty dwellings are burning fiercely, and the path of the fire as it progresses southward is filled with the finest dwellings in the city, all of which are wooden. For five squares south the fire was confined to the width of one square between 16th and and 17th streets, but when it crossed Winnie strteet, six squares from the starting point, it jumped diagonally to the southeast into the next block, and at present writing gives evidence of consuming one third of the city.

PROGRESS OF THE FLAMES.

7 A. M.—The fire is still burning fiercely and has reached to within four blocks of the beach. It is burning in Avenue N; is still spreading on other sides, and has cut a swath of six blocks. About sixty block have already been destroyed. Hundreds of families have lost everything, and great distress prevails. The loss is placed by some at $4 000,000.

At 10 A. M.—The fire has now reached a point within three blocks of the beach and is still spreading in that direction. The firemen seem powerless to check the flames.

1 500 FAMILIES HOMELESS.

GAVESTON, November 13.—NOON—Up to this hour all efforts to get the fire under control have been frustrated by the gale which still rages with great fury. Thus far about ninety blocks have been destroyed. Fully 1 500 families have been rendered homeless, and the loss will probably exceed $1 000.000. A rough estimate of the insurance places it at $3,000.000. The fire is now burning close down to the beach, and there is a prospect of its being stayed for want of material to consume.

12:30 P. M.—The fire has now apparently exhausted itself, having burned right across the city and reached the gulf on the south side of the island. The flames did not extend east of 16th street or west of 21st, but between these streets everything is swept clean. The business part of the city has not suffered to any extent. Insurance men estimate their loss at $1 700.000. The loss of property, real and personal, will approximate $3.000,000.

WAR IN THE BALKANS.

The report of a declaration of war by Servia against the Bulgarians has been foreshadowed by recent events in the Balkans, and is now confirmed by the latest dispatches. A Servian army is on the march to the Bulgarian capital, and a battle is expected. In the meantime the conference of the European powers is deliberating at Constantinople as to the best means of arresting the Bulgarian revolution and averting war. Servia's precipitate action has disconcerted the plans of diplomacy even more than the national movement of the Bulgarians, and the hope of compromise has become extremely precarious.

The alleged grounds of war on the part of Servia are the unjustifiable attacks of Bulgarians and the Bulgarian invasion of Servian territory. But the real cause is the disturbance by Bulgaria of the balance of political power which was established by the Berlin treaty. If the movement of the Bulgarians for union with Roumelia and national independence should succeed they would threaten their smaller neighbors in the Balkan peninsula by a too great preponderance of political power. Servia insists on having more territory, or on confining Bulgaria to her present territorial dimensions, and in this position she is supported by the sympathy and the intrigues of Russia.

If left to themselves there is no doubt that the Bulgarians are more than a match for the Servians. They have as warlike a population and a larger army. Besides, their pride and their patriotism are enlisted in a struggle for material existence. The outcome of a conflict between the Bulgarians and the Servians is of itself of small consequence to the outside world. They might fight it out to their hearts' content if other interests were not deeply involved in the dispute. The Turk, it is true, is a ward of the European powers, but it seems almost impossible for Turkey to remain neutral or indifferent in a conflict in which its tributaries are engaged and which threatens to dissolve its empire in Europe. If Turkey intervenes, how are the European powers to remain passive?

Austria-Hungary, through the possession of Bosnia and Herzegovina, has become one tha Balkan powers, and has a strong interest in the balance of power on the peninsula. Should Austria come to the assistance of its Servian ally, Germany would be obliged to intervene, notwithstanding the Berlin treaty. Russia, who is the prime mover in all the intrigues of the Balkan peninsula, could not keep out of the quarrel, and then England and France would inevitably be drawn into the conflict. But, notwithstanding the cloudy perspective in the Balkans, it is difficult to believe that Europe will drift into a general war in consequence of this movement of Bulgaria for nationality and independence. The conference of the powers is still in session at Constantinople, and the last word of diplomacy has not been spoken.—*Philadelphia Record.*

—The following figures concerning the Great Eastern and the Ark are of interest. Somebody is comparing the size and cost of the Great Eastern and Noah's Ark. The cost of building and launching the Great Eastern was $8 650.000, and this broke the original company. A new company was formed, which spent $600 000 in fitting and furnishing her. Then this company failed, and a new company was organized, with a capital of $300 000. At the close of 1880 this company sank £86 715 upon the vessel, thus making her total cost $4 703,575. Nothing ever built can stand comparison with the Great Eastern, excepting Noah's Ark, and even this vessel could not match her. The length of the ark was 300 cubits, her breadth 50 cubits, and her height 30 cubits. The cubit of the Scriptures, according to Bishop Wilkins, was 21.65 inches, and computed into English measurement, the Ark was 547 feet long, 91 feet beam, 54.7 feet depth, and 21.762 tons. The Great Eastern is 680 feet long, 83 feet beam, 56 feet depth, and 29.093 tons measurement. So Noah's Ark is quite overshadowed by the Great Eastern.

—If people troubled with colds would take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral before going to church or places of entertainment, they would avoid coughing, greatly to the comfort of both speakers and hearers. Public speakers and singers find that the Pectoral wonderfully increases the power and flexibility of the voice.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, November 16, 1885.

The week has been one of close confinement to the President, who is at work upon his first message to Congress. He has had frequent consultations with different members of his Cabinet, but has seen few other people than those having the most urgent business with him.

The present week will be one of equal seclusion, as he expects by the close of it to complete this document, and have it ready for the printer. The message is pretty well under way, and parts of it are being copied on the typewriter. It is said he has touched upon many points with his characteristic vigor. A good deal of space has been devoted to commercial relations and the steamship controversy, and it is believed the President will sustain the Postmaster General. The navy will also be given due consideration, and Congress will be urged to appropriate largely for new vessels.

A Democratic Congressman who has just returned to Washington was asked what would be the tendency of legislation this winter. He replied: "We cannot tell until we see what the President will ask us to do in his message." Still he thought there were several matters that were sure to come before Congress for action. "The army and navy," continued he, "both require a good deal of legislation." There is a sentiment among Democrats that this administration must re-create the naval service, and that it must be restored to its position in the world's fleet it occupied before the war.

It is easy to note upon the faces of Republican Congressmen as they gather in Washington an expression of discouragement. They feel the party in power will stay. The Republican party has had taken away from it the power of its Federal officers and its ability to raise assessments from officeholders. The Democratic party came very near beating it with all this artificial strength and the recent elections have proved that the Democratic party can stand alone, and needs no Federal patronage to back it. You hear no more now about war in the Senate, and nothing about Democratic revolt, even from Republican Congressmen.

The President's order excluding office seekers and public men from the White House, except when they have public business with him, will probably be revoked at the end of the month. It was made to give Mr. Cleveland time to prepare his message, and he has said that he feels no inclination to restrict public men in their visits to him or to require them to specify their business in advance. A few days ago some prominent Congressmen were protesting against the order in the office of Private Secretary Lamont. Presently they were admitted to see the President, and finding him alone once was such an unexpected convenience that they went away thinking well of the late order.

The event at the White House on Saturday was the arrival of its long absent hostess, Miss Cleveland. She has been at home in Oneida county, N. Y., and returns to resume her social duties here.

The White House was thoroughly overhauled and cleaned during her absence and now it is in order again for the coming season. The windows are draped in lace and damask as of old, and the only change in the whole arrangement from that of last year is the substitution of a full length portrait of Ex President Arthur for that of Gen. Grant in the Red Parlor. The portrait of the latter has been placed in a conspicuous position in the corridor.

During the week several Republican officials here were relegated to private life. Nearly all the higher officials in the Treasury department now are new men and Democrats, and the good work of the new broom goes on steadily if not rapidly.

Secretary Manning seems to grasp his whole complicated department, and his energetic business methods are felt in every branch of it. He spread consternation among Treasury clerks last Friday by issuing an order that the names of all clerks who came late to the department should be reported to the chief clerk. The doorkeepers at the Treasury were armed with tablets and took down the names of tardy clerks as they arrived. The result of the first day's catch was 235 delinquents. K.

An Express Wrecked.

PITTSBURG, Pa., November 12.—At the Blue Stone quarry of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, near Connellsville, at seven o'clock this morning, the through express from Baltimore to Pittsburg, on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, consisting of a sleeper, two coaches and a baggage car, and one express car, ran into a misplaced switch, and was completely wrecked. The sleeper rolled over the embankment into the Youghiogheny river, thirty feet below. The remaining cars were upset, the two passenger coaches rolled over and over, but stopped at the water's edge. The baggage car rolled into the river.

There were many passengers on board, and the scene that followed beggars description. The cries of the injured were heard from every car, while those uninjured seemed too much startled to render effective assistance.

Sixteen persons were injured, but none killed outright. Among the wounded are Hon. C. F. Boyle, member of Congress from the Fayette district; Hon. John Dowlin, Collector of Internal Revenue Twety third district; J. M. McJilton, legal agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company; Hon. E. Bigler, Collector of Internal Revenue Twenty-third district; Mrs Lucy Moffat, of Sewickley, Pa.; S. H. Weirmer, of Garrett, Pa., and Mrs. Dwyer, of Pittsburg.

None of the injured are believed to be fatally hurt, unless it is Congressman Boyle, whose exact condition is not known, but is believed to be serious. The wreck caused great excitement in Connellsville, and for hours the people hurried to the scene of the accident. The track was blockaded and torn up so badly that no trains got through until this afternoon.

Ague-Shaken Sufferers.

Who resort to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, experience speedier and more complete relief than they can hope to do by the use of quinine. This well authenticated fact is of itself sufficient to have established a high reputation for the Bitters. But the article is not a specific merely for the various forms of malarial disease, it endows the system with a degree of vigor, and reforms its irregularities with a certainty that constitutes its best defence against disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, especially rife where the atmosphere and water are miasma tainted. Fever and ague, bilious remittent, dumb ague and ague cake are remedied and prevented by it, and it also removes dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, &c. Take this medicine on the first indication that the system is out of order, and rest assured that you will be grateful for the hint.

ANY man or woman making less than $40 weekly should try our easy money-making business. We want agents for our celebrated Madame Dean Spinal Supporting Corsets; also, our Spinal Supporter, Shoulder Brace, and Abdominal Protector Combined (for Men and Boys). No experience required. Four orders per day give the Agent $150 monthly. Our Agents report four to twenty sales daily. $3 outfit free Send at once for full particulars. State sex. LEWIS SCHIELE & Co., 390 Broadway, N. Y.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Anthracite coal mined in Pennsylvania sells for $25 a ton in the City of Mexico.

—Is your back lame? It is a solid fact that the only safe cure for diseases of the kidneys, liver, bladder, is Hunt's Remedy.

—The Victory, the war ship upon which Nelson fought and fell at Trafalgar, is at Portsmouth, England, in a good state of preservation.

—The smallest cow in the United States is owned in Madison, Wis. She is 34 inches high, weighs 345 pounds, and gives three gallons of milk daily.

—A hyena that escaped from a menagerie last fall was recently seen in Chester county, this State. The farmers have organized to capture the animal.

—General Sherman was married in Washington to Eleanor Ewing 35 years ago. Henry Clay, then in his prime, presented the bride an elegant bouquet.

—The richest man in the world is a Chinaman named Han Qua, who lives in Canton. He pays taxes on an estate of $450.000 000, and is estimated to be worth $1 400 000.000.

—Although matches have been in use in England for half a century, tinder boxes are still used by many people there, for whose benefit they are kept on sale in many of the shops.

—One hundred and fifty medals were issued in General McClellan's honor during the time he was in the army, and quite a number while he was a candidate for the Presidency.

—Mgr. Capel had a very narrow escape from death at Monterey, Cal., last week by the upsetting of the carriage in which he was riding. In falling his head barely missed a sharp iron pin.

—A pair of ram's horns which have grown into a tree to the depth of several inches, and have become themselves of a woody nature, are among the curiosities exhibited in San Francisco.

—A general fight took place in a school at Holyoke, Mass., last week, caused by the attempt of the teacher to punish an unruly boy. The police finally marched teacher and pupils to the station house.

—There are 1.900 white people in Southeastern Alaska. Vegetation is luxurious, the cattle sleek and fat, and the mining industry assuming large proportions. These facts appear in an official report to Washington.

—Germany is the least illiterate country in Europe. For example, of persons above 15 years of age in Germany 94 per cent. can read while in Great Britain the percentage is 91, in Austria and France each 88, in Italy 74, in Spain 69 and in Russia 53.

—A frigate bird may move through the air on motionless "soaring" wings at the rate of 100 miles an hour, or he may loiter at only two miles. The velocity seems to depend on will rather than limitations of power. So says a recent student of the phenomena of flight.

—A Berks county criminal who stole two silver watches was sentenced to two years, while another who stole three silver watches got sixty days. Hereafter nobody is likely to steal one silver watch in Berks county, but it will be very unsafe to leave two or three dozen watches lying around loose.

—Five prisoners escaped from the Beaver county jail on Thursday of last week and have not been recaptured. One of them asked the wife of Sheriff Irons for a drink of water, and when she unlocked the door to give it to him she was knocked down and the five then made their escape. They were desperate characters.

—On Saturday night at the Niagara skating rink, at Bellaire, Ohio, Kate St. John, aged 19 years, fell while skating, and was pronoced dead by physicians. She was removed to her home, and preparations for her burial begun. On Sunday, however, the body showed signs of life, and though not yet conscious, it is believed the girl will recover.

—It has been discovered that the gold and silver souvenirs presented to the late John McCullough during his career are missing. It is not yet definitely ascertained whether they are mislaid or stolen. But from all circumstances William F. Johnson, counsel for the McCullough estate, infers that their disappearance is to be attributed to the work of a thief.

—The jury in the case of Rev. Dr. Hicks, the spiritual adviser of the assassin Guiteau, against the *Evening Star* Company, for $35,000 damages for alleged libel in the publication of the statement that Hicks had negotiated for the transfer of Guiteau's bones to the Medical Museum for $1 000 rendered a verdict on last Friday for the plaintiff of one cent damages.

—Charles Hall, a colored bod carrier of Pottstown, Montgomery county, is a sausage eater of some note. One day last week, although not feeling very well, he ate for dinner 3 pounds and 5 ounces of raw sausage, getting away with the same quite readily. He says he can eat four pounds at one meal, and wants to know if any one in the State can break the record.

—This is one of the curious things floating about: Take a piece of paper and upon it put in figures your age in years, dropping months, weeks and days. Multiple it by 2, then add to the result obtained the figures 3 768; add 2 and then divide be 2. Subtract from the result obtained the number of your years on earth, and see if you do not obtain figures that you will not be likely to forget.

—In a paper on the rule of the road from a scientific standpoint, George Campbell, a member of the English Parliament, maintains that the most natural and convenient method for all right handed people is to turn to the left on meeting others in the road, as is done in Great Britian, instead of turning to the right, as we do in this country. He opposes the proposition to make a change in England.

—Captain M. A. McGuire, of Cincinnati, wholesale dealer in trunks, was drowned in the Tennessee river near Coulterville last week while duck hunting. He was in a boat with another gentleman and a negro boy when the boat capsized. Capt. McGuire seized his friend and swam with him to the shore. He then plunged into the river to save the negro boy, but was so exhausted that both he and the negro were drowned.

—What is pronounced an absolutely reliable census has just been completed and reported to the authorities of Kansas City. The total population is 704 043 as against 32 260 in 1870. Since 1880, when the city contained 56 000 souls, the yearly rate of increase has been nearly 10 000. As a result of this showing, the form of government will now be changed to that of a city of the first class, under which even swifter strides are announced to be possible.

—Near Walla Walla, Washington Ty., is a colony of religious enthusiasts who call their organization The Kingdom of Heaven on Earth. They practice polygamy, believe in the transmigration of souls, and claim that David, Solomon, Moses, John the Baptist and St. Peter have been born again and are now in the colony, and that they will soon commence a career of conquest, and subdue the world. They hold property in common. There are very few Americans among them.

—During the trial of a divorce suit at Bloomington, Ill., in which John Muffly, of Lexington is complainant, and his wife is defendant, Mrs. Muffly fainted and was carried out of court. During the excitement of caring for the woman, Miss Hand, a large, stout woman, sister of the defendant, shouted at the top of her voice, "Muffly, you have murdered my sister, and I will kill you," and, rushing at Muffly, seized him by the hair and dragged him across the court room before she could be quieted.

—The remains of an old colored woman, who died in New Orleans the other day, were followed to the grave by a large number of prominent citizens, ladies and children, representing some of the most distinguished families in Louisiana.

—A terrible mistake was made by a physician a few days ago in Warsaw, Belmont county, Ohio. A young woman was suffering with an eye affection. An operation was decided upon and the patient put under the influence of chloroform, when one of the eyes was successfully removed. When the patient recovered consciousness it was found that the good eye had been removed. The physician was so overcome that he fled from the house. A suit will be entered at once against him for malpractice.

—A marriage was lately broken off in France in a singular manner. An artist and a young lady were engaged. The bridegroom had a strong dislike to the appendage to ladies' dresses commonly known as the bustle. In speaking to his bride of her wedding gown he happened to mention his wish that this addition might be dispensed with. She refused, saying she would be married wearing a bustle or not at all. The artist thereupon announced the engagement off, and the two separated to meet thereafter as strangers.

—Cardinal Manning is the very dream of emaciation physically and of zeal mentally. His face is more than gaunt; it is spectral in its thinness. The ridge of cheek bone from ear to eye stands out like a finger laid upon the flesh. The hollows about the drawn, thin lipped mouth are cavernous. The deep, weird eyes look out from caverns. The upper forehead bulges as if it would force apart the tight stretched skin. It is a face which the painter would seek for utmost impressiveness of effect in a deathbed scene. But the cardinal is doing more hard work this year, his seventy-seventh, than he ever did before.

Take all in all.

—*Take* all the Kidneys and Liver *Medicines.*

—Take all the *Blood* purifiers,

—Take all the *Dyspepsia* and Indigestion *cures,*

—Take all the *Ague,* Fever, and bilious *specifics,*

—Take all the *Brain* and Nerve force *revives.*

—Take all the *Great* health restorers.

In short, take all the best qualities of all these and the—*best.*

—*Qualities* of all the best medicine in the world, and you will find that—*Hop Bitters* have the best curative qualities and powers of all—*concentrated* in them.

—And that they will cure when any or all of these, singly or—*combined.* Fail !!!!

—A thorough trial will give positive proof of this.

Hardened Liver.

Five years ago I broke down with kidney and liver complaint and rheumatism.

Since then I have been unable to be about at all. My liver became hard like wood; my limbs were puffed up and filled with water.

All the best physicians agreed that nothing could cure me. I resolved to try Hop Bitters; I have used seven bottles; the hardness has all gone from my liver, the swelling from my limbs, and it has *worked a miracle* in my case; otherwise I would have been now in my grave.

J. W. MORRY, Buffalo, Oct. 1, 1881

Poverty and Suffering.

"I was dragged down with debt, poverty and suffering for years, caused by a sick family and large bills for doctoring.

I was completely discouraged, until one year ago, by the advice of my pastor, I commenced using Hop Bitters, and in one month we were all well, and most of us have seen a sick day since, and I can't say to all poor men, you can keep your families well a year with Hop Bitters for less than one doctor's visit will cost. I know it."

—A WORKINGMAN.

☞None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS — THE BEST TONIC.

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

Trade Mark. QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely **Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.**

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the **Kidneys and Liver.**

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to **Women,** and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

A. H. V.

AYER'S Hair Vigor cures baldness. Hair Vigor restores youthful freshness and color to faded and gray hair. It attains these results by the stimulation of the hair roots and color glands. It rejuvenates the HAIR and cleanses it, that, either by reason of age or diseases of the scalp, has become dry, harsh and brittle, a pliancy and glossy silken softness of extreme beauty. There is no dye in Ayer's Hair VIGOR, and the good it does is by the VIGOR it imparts to the follicles, and the cleanliness and healthfulness of the condition in which it maintains the scalp.

AYER'S Hair Vigor renews the hair. Hair Vigor is the best cure known for Brashy Hair, Scald Head, Itching Humors, Tetter Sores, Torpid Follicles, and all other diseases of the scalp that cause the falling of the HAIR and its fading. Nothing cleanses the HAIR of the nuisance of dandruff so perfectly, and so effectually prevents its return, as AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. In addition to the curative and restorative virtues peculiar to Ayer's Hair VIGOR it is a toilet luxury. The Hair VIGOR is by far the cleanliest hair-dressing made. It causes the hair to grow thick and long, and keeps it always soft and glossy.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Contains no deleterious ingredients. Its use prevents all scalp disease, secures against the hair growing thin or gray, and surely cures all baldness th is not organic.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

Duff's Mercantile College, Pittsburgh.

A live school, imparting a practical business education; enabling young men to enter upon the active duties of life. For circulars address P. DUFF & SONS. [Sept. 25.-3m.

Illustrated American STOCK [illegible]

Agents Wanted. [illegible] Agency. [illegible] New York.

H. H. MYERS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PA. Office in Colonade Rowden Centre street.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

The powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of the low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., New York.

MALARIAL POISON.

The principal cause of nearly all sickness at this time of the year has its origin in a disordered Liver, which, if not regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and death will ensue. A gentleman writing from South America says: "I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator with good effect, both as a prevention and cure for malarial fevers on the Isthmus of Panama."

TAKE SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR,

A Purely Vegetable Medicine.

AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR MALARIOUS FEVERS, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, JAUNDICE, COLIC, RESTLESSNESS, MENTAL DEPRESSION, SICK HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION, NAUSEA, BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, &c.

If you feel drowsy, debilitated, have frequent headache, mouth tastes badly, poor appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from torpid liver or "biliousness," and nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently as to take

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

It is given with safety, and the happiest results to the most delicate infant. It takes the place of quinine and bitters of every kind. It is the cheapest, purest and best family medicine in the world.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO. Philadelphia.

Sold by all Druggists

1794. 1883.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 23, 1882.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY.

The attention of buyers is respectfully invited to my large stock of

ELEGANT FURNITURE,

— CONSISTING OF —

Parlor and Chamber Suits, WARDROBES, SIDEBOARDS, Centre, Extension and Breakfast Tables, CHAIRS, CUPBOARDS, SINKS, BED SPRING MATTRESSES, and in fact nearly everything pertaining to the Furniture business. Also, any goods in that line manufactured in the United States sold at the lowest living prices.

Upholstering, Repairing and Painting of all kind of Furniture, Chairs, Lounges, &c promptly and satisfactorily attended to. Warerooms on High street, opposite the Congregational church. Please call and examine goods whether you wish to purchase or not.

Ebensburg, April 28, 1882-tf. E. B. CRESSWELL.

☞ Citizens of Cambria county and adjoining wishing to purchase honest FURNITURE at honest prices are respectfully invited to call before buying elsewhere, as we are confident that we can handle every article in our line cheaper than any house in the county. Prices the very lowest. Altoona, April 16, 1880.-tf.

DR. SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP

OVER 1000.000 BOTTLES SOLD AND NEVER FAILS TO CURE COUGHS, COLDS, THROAT AND ALL LUNG TROUBLES. ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT. PRICE 25 CTS.

DON'T FORGET THAT DR. LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER

ADWAYS CURES PIMPLES, BOILES, SORE EYES, MALARIA, MECURIAL AND ALL BLOOD DISEASES. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

R. E. SELLERS & CO. Props. PITTSBURGH, PA.

Mason & Hamlin

ORGANS: Highest Honors at all Great World's Exhibitions for eighteen years. Our hundred Styles, \$5. to \$500. For Cash, Easy Payments, or Rented. Catalogues free.

PIANOS: New mode of Stringing. Do not require one quarter as much tuning as other Pianos as the prevailing system requires. Remarkable for purity of tone and durability.

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GOOD NEWS TO LADIES.

Greatest inducements ever offered. Now is your time to get up orders for our celebrated Teas and Coffees, and secure a beautiful Gold Band or Moss Rose China Tea Set, or Handsome Decorated Dinner Set, or Gold Band Moss Decorated Toilet Set. For full particulars address THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO., P. O. Box 289. 21 and 23 Vesey St., New York.

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T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

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SELWYN HALL READING, PENN

A thorough preparatory School for Boys. Conducted upon the Military plan. Boys of any [illegible] and [illegible] a specialty.

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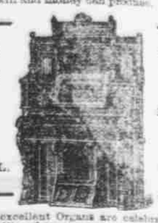
THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.

It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.



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EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION, UNEQUALED FACILITIES, SKILLED WORKMEN, BEST MATERIAL COMBINED, MAKE THE

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, correct in every particular, sent free.

The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

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"CANDEE" Rubber BOOTS WITH DOUBLE THICK BALL.

Ordinary Rubber Boots always w

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - - NOV. 20, 1885.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

ere, There and the Other Place.

—Look out for turkeys.

—Put the tops on for the Sugar Loaf.

—Subscribe for the CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

—Just a few oyster stew go to the Sugar Loaf.

—There is too much hunting and too little work.

—How much does your assessment paper call for?

—The county of Cambria county $1,500 to hold a general election.

—For the cheapest and freshest groceries go to the Sugar Bowl.

—The recent heavy rains have filled up the cisterns, wells and cisterns.

—Blair county man has lost thirty-three hogs with cholera this fall.

—See that your water spout is clear of rubbish before freezing weather sets in.

—Mrs. E. J. Crouse has been very ill for the past week, and her condition is quite serious.

—Excursions for the Pennsylvania railroad will start east on Tuesday and west on Wednesday.

—Fee, costs and costs is what a Huntingdon justice paid for selling a pair of boots on Sunday.

—Mr. Thomas Shoemaker, business manager of the Johnstown Messrs. P. & T. Collins, proprietors, is here on a visit.

—In Philadelphia the newspaper reporters are excluded from examining the marriage license docket.

—Mr. Albert Knepper and Miss Mollie Kinsloe, Altoona, were married in that place on Tuesday last by Father O'Reilly.

—The series of reserved seats for the Hibernian entertainment will commence on Monday next at noon at James' drug store.

—Every man who knows he owes a debt knows precisely how he stands financially and can promptly fill up one of the new tax receipts without a struggle.

—If you contemplate buying a fine watch for a Christmas present, go and see the immense stock Carl Rivinius has on exhibition.

—Disordered liver and kidneys will produce rheumatism and neuralgia. All liver and kidney diseases are cured by Hunt's Remedy.

—Mr. Frank Shoebuilt of this place, is very dangerously ill at his residence, and, owing to his advanced age, but little hopes are held of his recovery.

—Christmas is coming: if you make a present to your friends, go and see the large stock of articles just received at Carl Rivinius' store for the holidays.

—Some of our young men intend to make it pleasant for those attending the institute by giving a grand ball in Armory Hall some time next week, probably Tuesday.

—Rumor is current that St. John's parish (Catholic), Johnstown, is to be divided and a new congregation formed with a church, school, etc., in the northern part of the city.

—As the spinning season is now at hand parties who shoot themselves or any of their family by the careless handling of firearms will confer a favor by sending us the particulars.

—Mr. Joseph W. Griffin and Miss Margaret Parrish, both of Munster township, were united at St. Michael's church, Loretto, on Tuesday, November 17th, 1885, by Rev. E. A. Fink.

—Messrs. McMillan and Waters, who for some weeks have had a force of men at work upon the Ebensburg water works, expect to have their contract completed in a few days.

—Every buyer of goods worth fifty cents or more at Carl Rivinius' can get a sheet of music worth from 25 to 40 cents in the store. There are eight different kinds to select from.

—There is a war going on among the Johnstown coal dealers, and consumers are getting the benefit of it. One firm sells Pittsburg screened coal by the car load at $1.20 per ton.

—Mr. Jesse S. Baisinger, janitor at the Court House, says the coal delivered by Mr. Wm. Horne is far superior to any he has ever had heretofore, the *Herald* to the contrary notwithstanding.

—There is no one excuse for your not having a nice present for your friend or sweetheart when you can get them so nice and cheap at Carl Rivinius'. Come in time and see for yourself.

—Neff B. Kittell, who had been employed as book keeper for Messrs. P. & T. Collins, in Somerset county, having completed his work there, returned to his home in this place on Monday last.

—The track is laid on the Cresson and Clearfield road as far as the old Frugality mines on the Clearfield creek, and it is believed that from the rapidity with which the work is pushed it will be finished by Christmas.

—There are two prominent classes of men in every community. The one goes ahead and does something, while the other sits back and grumbles because it was not done some other way, or why it should be done at all.

—The thickness of the corn husks and a few other so-called certain indications of a severe winter, have entirely failed to realize up to the present time, and the occupation of the weather prophet has gone up the spout.

—If you are fond of buckwheat cakes try a sack of the new buckwheat flour manufactured by Messrs. Driggs, of this place, and you will just begin to find out what good buckwheat cakes are. Buckwheat cakes and spare ribs. Yum, yum!

—Mr. M. J. Kirsch, of Barr township, who has been for the past two months employed in building railroad bridges in Ohio, passed through this place on Tuesday last on his way home, the work on which he was engaged having been completed.

—Ayer's Sarsaparilla thoroughly cleanses the blood, stimulates the vital functions, and restores health and strength. No one whose blood is impure can feel well. When we are discouraged and despondent take Ayer's Sarsaparilla to purify and vitalize the blood.

—Dr. T. Mason Richards, late of Allegheny city, has opened a dental office at his residence on Julian street, this place, and is prepared to attend to all work pertaining to the profession. The Doctor is well skilled in his profession, and all work will receive prompt attention.

—On Monday last a coal train on the Pennsylvania railroad broke a short distance east of the Y at Cresson and the two sections collided, wrecking a number of cars, blocking the track and detaining the trains for about an hour. No person was injured by the accident.

—Lewis C. Lyte died in Smoketown, Lancaster county, on Monday last, in the 71st year of his age. He was the father of Francis L. Lyte, now of Minneapolis, Minn., who was formerly Principal of the common schools in this place, and who is a son-in-law of ex-Sheriff Griffith.

—James McDade, formerly of Munster township, this county, but now of Kane, McKean county, made a ten strike lately in oil. A few years ago he settled at Kane, and purchased one thousand acres of land in that vicinity. A large oil well was recently struck on his land, and one day last week he sold seven hundred acres to the Standard Oil Company for one hundred thousand dollars in cash.

—The Derr Brothers, of whom mention has been made in these columns, have again opened their bar in Indiana and are selling liquor without license. Eighteen informations were made against them for selling before, and the number will likely increase before the next term of court in that county, which will be held in December.

—Thanksgiving day is a legal holiday and most of the business houses will be closed. If you wish to enjoy that day and appreciate to the full extent its object, step around to John Owens' store a few days previous and buy your dry goods, dress goods, boots and shoes, and all kinds of groceries, and you will get bargains enough to be thankful for.

—Joseph Neal, employed at a lumber camp near Wintertown, Clearfield county, was grinding an ax one evening last week when the handle broke, and he was thrown head first over the stone. In falling he struck the ax with both knees, cutting them severely. In his left leg one of the arteries was cut off and will probably result in a stiff leg.

—James Nimmo, a street-car conductor of Pittsburg, committed suicide on Thursday of last week by shooting himself. He had quit work a few days before on account of illness, and was talking to some companions when he stepped out to the side walk and fired the fatal shot. He was a resident of Johnstown three years ago and worked in the Gautier works.

—Great excitement exists at Kane, McKean county, over the rumored striking of a one-thousand-barrel oil well. It is known that big results were expected from the well, and the announcement that oil has been struck has filled the town with speculators. Capitalists from Renovo have visited the scene, and report that the well is guarded by five men who threaten to shoot anyone who comes near it.

—A shopping frolic on the farm of Joseph Adams, in Allegheny township, on Tuesday last, Mr. Theodore Storm was badly injured in consequence of a tree that had been cut down, and in falling, lodged in another tree, a limb of which swung around and hit him on the head and shoulders, injuring him quite severely. Drs. Sloan, of Chest Springs, and Miller, of Gallitzin, attended him, and at last accounts he was improving.

—William W. Jackson, of Gaysport, Blair county, was stricken down with appoplexy on this day a week ago, and died on the following morning. He was about 64 years of age, and was a son of Thomas Jackson, who was a familiar figure at the courts in this county many years ago. The deceased was at one time well known in this part of Cambria county. He was a Justice of the Peace for a long time in Gaysport—was an open-hearted, generous man, and had a large circle of friends.

—Who does not delight to see a good looking face? Yet erysipelas disfigures the face almost beyond recognition. But that is not the worst of it. This disease is as dangerous as it is repulsive. It is sometimes called "St. Anthony's Fire," and often causes sudden death. Mr. S. B. Carpenter, of Grandville, N. Y., had it in both legs and was cured by Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. This medicine excels all others for the blood. Especially adapted to persons in feeble health.

—Thomas O'Neal, a seventeen-year-old boy of Driftwood, who had one of his legs cut off by the cars one year ago, shot and mortally wounded his ten-year-old brother on Sunday evening. He was cleaning an old gun, which he believed to be unloaded. He is almost wild and attempted to throw himself in front of a moving engine, but was prevented. A brother of the two boys, Mr. John O'Neal, who resides in Johnstown, received the sad intelligence of the accident and started for his home on Monday last.

—Harrigan's Double Hibernian Company will give an exhibition in this place on Wednesday evening at Armory Hall. The company is a large one, and, as we see by our exchanges, is drawing large crowds wherever it exhibits. As it is but seldom that our people have a chance to witness a really good exhibition, they should not miss this chance to attend. The company will give a street parade on Wednesday afternoon with a full orchestra, accompanied by an Irish jaunting car drawn by a pair of ponies.

—On Saturday, next, Nov. 21st, at one o'clock, P. M., Mr. Lem. Davis will offer at public sale, at his residence (Belmont), in Ebensburg, a lot of personal property, consisting of two Hamiltonian colts, one four-year old horse, one five-year old family mare, a heavy draft horse colt, four milch cows, hogs, shoats, wagons, buggy, harness, plows, harrows and cultivators, hay and straw by the ton, and a large quantity of oats, corn, potatoes, corn fodder, etc., etc. Also, one sled and hay rake. These articles must be sold regardless of cost, as Mr. Davis is going to Florida. A long credit will be given purchasers.

Teachers' Institute.

The teachers' institute which will convene in Ebensburg on the 23d inst. promises to be the largest meeting ever held in the county. As all schools must be closed, and as the number of days constituting a school month has been reduced, teachers cannot have any excuse for not attending the institute.

Directors should not fail to hear the lecture of Dr. Higbee, State Superintendent, on Tuesday evening. This will be his first appearance in Cambria county.

As directors are recognized as members of the institute, they should attend and organize their meeting on Wednesday.

The illustrated lectures will be a new feature of the evening entertainments. Two powerful stereopticons, producing pictures of great brilliancy, will be used. These lectures will be highly interesting and instructive.

The special train from Johnstown on Monday, Nov. 23, will leave Johnstown at 9 o'clock, stopping at all way stations between that point and Cresson. It will connect with the regular train for Ebensburg at Cresson.

Reade Township Items.

Corn is selling for sixty-five cents per double bushel.

One of our enterprising farmers finished cutting his corn last week.

Mr. William Bickford had his hand hurt very badly by the explosion of a dynamite cap.

Rev. W. B. Purdy and family will take their departure next week for Warsaw, Jefferson county, Pa.

Rev. Mathers, of Bellwood, will preach at Cambria Mills on Thanksgiving Day. Services will be held in the Baptist church at Mountain Dale in the evening.

The recent tax and marriage laws meet with little favor in this section. Both should be promptly repealed or carefully revised.

X.

The Beginning of Sickness.

Never trifle with what are called small ailments. If you feel inert, with a bitter or bad taste in the mouth, loss of appetite, bowels costive, resort at once to Simmons Liver Regulator. For the miseries of dyspepsia—and they include almost every unpleasant feeling that belongs to physical disease and mental wretchedness—this potent medicine Simmons Liver Regulator, is a certain and speedy cure.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. For sale by E. James.

ROASTED TO DEATH.

Terrible Accident at Blast Furnace No. 1, Johnstown.

The Johnstown *Tribune* of Monday last says: Blast furnace No. 1 of the Cambria Iron Company, was stepped at 10 o'clock this forenoon in order that needed repairs might be made. The furnace was well tamped and watered, and the operations of the men rendered in every way as safe as possible.

Among the necessary repairs was a new bell for the furnace stack, and the task of putting it in was in charge of Mr. John Hamilton, assisted by his brother Charley and a force of about twenty men.

About half-past 2 o'clock this afternoon, while some of the men were engaged on top of the bell and others on it, John B. Smith, one of the latter, was overcome by gas arising from the stack and fell under the bell and into the furnace.

Immediately his fellow-workmen began efforts for his rescue. Long hooks and ropes were obtained for the purpose but the gas arose in such quantity from the furnace as to render operations not only difficult but very dangerous.

One after another the men became victims of the deadly exhalation, fell prostrate, and were dragged away, their places being taken by others, who in turn were also overcome.

Finally, after fifteen or twenty men had been sickened nigh unto death by the gas, the remains were pulled up and removed from the furnace.

They presented a sickening spectacle, being charred and blackened and drawn into such shape that they could scarcely be recognized as those of human beings. They were at once taken to Cambria to the home of Louis Smith, deceased's stepfather.

Dr. W. B. Lowman, who had been summoned, arrived just as the body of Smith was taken from the furnace. He at once set about administering restoratives to the men who had been prostrated by gas. He did not find any of them seriously ill but Mr. John Hamilton, and it was found necessary to take him home, which the Doctor did in his carriage.

The others, after a brief interval, were able to take care of themselves. The most of them went home, but some returned to work. John Kane, Peter Kirschstein, Edward Wonderly, and Charles Hamilton were among those most seriously affected.

Smith was eighteen years of age. He was a member of the Cambria Mutual Benefit Association and held a policy for 1,000 in that organization.

GREAT PERSEVERANCE.

An Ebensburg Common School Pupil's Performance.

Mr. J. W. Leech, Principal of the common schools in this place, has handed us the following letter from R. J. Miller, of Pittsburg who is the editor of the *Author's Review*, a cheap publication designed to create a taste for good literature among pupils in the schools and to counteract the influence of bad reading on the young. Mr. Miller offered a prize of $2 for the longest and best list of words formed out of the letters composing the title of the publication, "The Author's Review and Scrap Book," the words to be classified in parts of speech to which they belong. Miss Rosa Garman, to whom Mr. Miller's letter is addressed, is a daughter of Mr. William Garman, of this place, and a pupil in one of the schools under the supervision of Mr. Leech. As she was too late in sending in her paper, she availed herself of Mr. Miller's offer and selected the history of England as a reward for her labor:

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 13, 1885.

Miss Rosa Garman:—Your paper containing 9 225 words came to hand three days ago. It is the best paper that has been sent in. It certainly shows great perseverance and accuracy. The next highest number of words was sent in by Annie Lambert, of Youngstown, Ohio. All others fell below 4 000. Annie Lambert's contained 6,150. But I am sorry to say that your's came in too late to receive the prize it deserves. The time set at first was the 20th of October and was extended later, to the 1st of November, but yours did not reach me until the 10th of November. The prizes had all been awarded before that. However, you must receive something for your labor, and I will also make honorable mention of your work. Mr. Smith asks me to write and give you your choice of one dollar in cash or one of the histories offered in the October list. They are worth $1 50, but he will give you your choice. Please answer at once.

R. J. MILLER
55 Ninth St.,
Pittsburg, Pa.

Supreme Court Decision.

Below will be found the opinion of the Supreme Court, sustaining the decision of Judge Johnston in the matter of the petition of Joseph Gutwald, Burgess of Ebensburg borough, in relation to school directors; and in accordance with that decision each ward of the borough will hereafter be entitled, as it should, to elect its own school directors:

It is not denied that the borough of Ebensburg is subject to the general borough law of April 3, 1851. The 26th section of that act fixed the number of school directors in a borough at six and directed that they should be elected under the provisions of the laws regulating common schools.

They were so elected upon a general ticket until the decree of the court below, made in January last, that each ward in said borough should elect one school director.

This action of the court was clearly warranted by the act of May 15th, 1884, P. L. 1-29, and its supplements of February 16th, 1883, P. L. page 5, unless there is some other controlling legislation.

It was contended on behalf of the plaintiff in error, that the act of May 1st, 1861, entitled "An Act to Divide the Borough of Ebensburg into Two Wards," was such legislation; that said act was local and special, and under all the authorities was not repealed by the general act of 1874, and its supplement of 1883.

The object of the act of 1861 was merely to divide the borough into two wards. It granted no powers and prescribed no duties in regard to the election of school directors; all this was regulated at the time by the general law; all that the act of 1861 did was to declare that its passage did not disturb these matters; they should remain as heretofore.

We are clearly of the opinion that the borough comes within the act of 1874 and its supplements. It follows that the learned judge below committed no error in making the order of January 6th, 1885, and the said order is affirmed.

A Wonderful Discovery.

Consumptives and all, who suffer from any affection of the Throat or Lungs, can find a certain cure in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Thousands of permanent cures verify the truth of this statement. No medicine can show such a record of wonderful cures. Free trial bottles at James' drug store. Large size, $1.

I HAVE been deaf in one ear ten years, and partially deaf in the other for two months; have been treated by ear specialty doctors and received no benefit. Having used Ely's Cream Balm for about a month, I find myself greatly improved, and can hear well and consider it a most valuable remedy. I had also nasal catarrh, with dropping of mucous into my throat and pain over my eyes, which troubles also have entirely disappeared.—D. B. Yates, Upper Lisle, Broome Co., N. Y.

Very Remarkable Recovery.

Mr. Geo. V. Willing, of Manchester, Mich., writes: "My wife has been almost helpless for five years, so helpless that she could not turn over in bed alone. She used two bottles of Electric Bitters, and is so much improved, that she is now able to do her own work."

Electric Bitters will do all that is claimed for them. Hundreds of testimonials attest their great curative powers. Only fifty cents a bottle at E. James'.

—The following named persons can each get a letter by calling at the Ebensburg post-office: R. G. Cornell, V. G. Lutner, Mrs. Sarah Menoi, Benjamin Norman, R. M. Roberts.

TWO TAME BEARS

Indirectly Cause the Death of a Famous Bear Killer.

ELKLAND, PA., Nov. 8.—Simon Truman, of Bell's Cabin, in the mountains near this place, was one of the oldest and best known hunters and guides in Pennsylvania. He was 70 years of age, but was still strong and active, having only last week spent three days and nights in the open woods, during which time he killed a deer and a bear. He always asserted that he had killed over 200 bears, and it was well known that he had had many battles with them hand to hand, many deep and ugly scars on his body testifying to the fierceness of some of them. He had escaped many dangers in his more than half a century of life in the woods. Last winter he killed the long hunted big bear that had prowled about this vicinity for more than two years, carrying off sheep and other stock repeatedly and successfully. In the fight with this bear Truman lost three fingers on his left hand, the hand being so badly mangled that it was barely saved by the amputation of the fingers.

On Wednesday last two traveling Italians came to this place with two large trained bears. In the afternoon they left town, and a mile from the village met a team of horses belonging to a farmer named Gibbs. Gibbs was driving, and Simon Truman was riding with him to the village. The sight of the bears frightened the horses, and they turned square about in the road. The wagon was upset and both Gibbs and Truman were thrown out. Truman struck on a sharp projecting knot on a log at the side of the road. The knot penetrated his side to the depth of three inches. Gibbs was unhurt. Without stopping to look after his runaway team he compelled one of the Italians to help him carry the injured old hunter to Elkland. The knot had broken one of Truman's ribs and pushed the broken ends with it into his lung. He did not utter a groan all the way to the village. He was carried to the tavern and a doctor called. When the doctor arrived Truman said to him:

"This will settle me. I don't mind dying, but it's the thought that after escaping from wild bears for fifty years I am killed through tame bears, chained and muzzled, that worries me."

Truman died three hours after being brought here. He was the last of his family.

GERMAN CARP.

A Growing Interest in the Culture of the Food Fish.

Much interest is being taken by the farmers of this county in the culture of carp. There are about one hundred ponds through out Westmoreland and the number is rapidly increasing. There is no reason why every farmer in the county should not have a pond on his premises for the culture of these food fish of rapid growth. With a pond of ordinary size, in the course of two years farmers may have fresh fish constantly on hand, in quantities sufficient for their own consumption and to sell. Carp with which to stock ponds can be purchased from successful propagators in this county or they may be procured without cost, other than expressage and vessels, upon application to the State Fish Commissioners, Mr. John Gay, of this place, being one of them.

There are three varieties of carp: 1, the scale, or true carp; 2 the mirror carp; 3, the leather carp. In Germany, where the fish originated, the scale carp is principally raised and preferred as being the best flavored, though really all are excellent. The scale carp is the only true carp, and the other two are hybrids of some other fish and the scale carp. In some of the rivers of Kentucky and other States there are small, bony and almost worthless fish sold by fishermen in the market under the name of carp, but they have very little resemblance to the true carp. The American food carp which have been so extensively distributed throughout the country, are hatched from progeny of the German carp referred to. Some of them are developing types far superior to the German carp, while others are comparatively worthless. Carp culture in Germany does not at all compare with our improved methods here. The habits of the American food carp are quite different from the German carp. They only hibernate here in the coldest latitudes. In Pennsylvania generally they feed and grow all winter, but not to compare with summer growth. The growth depends largely upon the construction of their ponds. In properly constructed dams their average gain is fully three pounds annually.—*Westmoreland Democrat*

THE BLIND CAN SEE AGAIN.

Perfection of Surgical Skill Attained.

To partially restore the sight after cataract is common, but to restore it to the absolute perfection of human sight before affected by disease, is a feat of which the most noted surgeons the world has ever known might be proud, but cannot hope to excel. Mr. Campbell, of the Davis Sewing Machine Co., No. 8 Sixth street, in a card below states the facts in his case. The type are the finest made, yet he can read this the same distance when reduced one-third by the Photo Lithographic process:

After having been entirely blind over ten years from cataract, I was restored to sight perfect as a Centennial $5 bill, by Dr. C. W. Kelley, of Pittsburgh, Pa.

A C D F G H U V W

Mrs. Margaret Wilson, of Cardville, Washington county, Pa., totally blind to all but light, could see to read the above at 83 years of age, after Dr. Sadler's operation. *Seeing is believing.* Many other references, with illustrated pamphlet on the Eye and Ear, free by addressing Dr. Sadler, 804 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

A CHRISTIAN CONFERENCE will be held in the Third Presbyterian Church, Pittsburg, Pa., Tuesday and Wednesday, Nov. 24th and 25th, 1885. Morning, afternoon and evening sessions. The speakers will be Rev. A. B. Simpson and Dr. John Cookman, New York City; Rev. H. W. Brown, Chicago; Mrs. M. Baxter, London, England; Mrs. E. Stroud Smith, Liverpool, England; Carrie F. Judd, Buffalo, and Mrs. S. G. Beck, Philadelphia.

All who desire a deeper Spiritual Life, a special baptism of the Holy Spirit for service and to understand better the teachings of the Scriptures respecting our physical life in Christ, are invited to attend.

REV. JAMES A. CREER,
REV. GEO S. PRICE,
JOHN A. BEST,
MISS MARY MOORHEAD,
MRS. S. G. BECK,
} Committee.

BALLOU'S MAGAZINE for December contains the final chapter of "Lewey and I; or, Sailor Boys' Wanderings, by Wm. H. Thomes, author of The Belle of Australia," and "On Land and Sea or, California in 1843, '44, '45." Here are three of the most entertaining novels of adventure that have been published in this country for many years. In addition the December number of BALLOU'S has an unusually large assortment of short stories, engravings, poetry, wit and humor, illustrated articles, household, puzzle page, adventures, etc., all going to form one of the best and cheapest magazines published in the United States. The January number will appear in new type, with new features, illustrated stories, heavy white paper, and will be the leading magazine so far as brightness and good looks are concerned, yet the price will remain the same—only $1.50 per year, or 15 cents single copy. For sale at all news depots. Published at 23 Hawley Street, Boston.

FITS—All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia.

Happy Children.

How to Make Them So—Keep Them in Health and They Will Take Care of the Rest.

The joy of every well-regulated household comes chiefly from the children. Thousands of affectionate parents do not take care of their children. Through ignorance more than culpable neglect they suffer them to fall sick and die, when knowledge might have saved them to love and home. Dr. David Kennedy offers his "Favorite Remedy" as emphatically a medicine for children—gentle in its action, containing *no harmful ingredients whatever*, going straight to the blood—then, when impure, is the seat and source of disease. "*Favorite Remedy*" is the friend at childhood and should be found in every nursery in the land. Keep it on your house for your children's sake, as well as for your own. Try it and you will be glad you saw this article. Make no mistakes. The medicine is "*Favorite Remedy*," and the proprietor's name and address Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y. One dollar a bottle.

Good Words for a Good Thing.—Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" is exactly what it claims to be, and deserves the praises that are showered upon it by all who have used it. Mr. Israel R. Snyder, of Saugerties, N. Y., says: "My little girl was cured with Salt Rheum from head to foot by Dr. Kennedy's 'Favorite Remedy' after her life had been despaired of by any one of several physicians in our county. We are not in the habit of Puffing any one of several medicines in our columns, but we happen to know Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., and can personally testify to the excellence of the medicine with the Dr. calls "Favorite Remedy." And if a word of ours will persuade anybody to use it and thus find relief and restore health and happiness to a household we trust we shall hear from them to both Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" cured her. This was two years ago."

We are not in the Habit of Puffing any one of several medicines in our columns, but we happen to know Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., and can personally testify to the excellence of the medicine with the Dr. calls "Favorite Remedy." And if a word of ours will persuade anybody to use it and thus find relief and restore health and happiness to a household we trust we shall hear from them to both. For diseases of the blood, kidneys and bowels it has no equal. We could not be without it for five times the dollar that it costs.—*Daily Times, Troy, N. Y.*

Surface Indications

What a miner would very properly term "surface indications" of what is beneath, are the Pimples, Sties, Sore Eyes, Boils, and Cutaneous Eruptions with which people are annoyed in spring and early summer. The effete matter accumulated during the winter months, now makes its presence felt, through Nature's endeavors to expel it from the system. While it remains, it is a poison that festers in the blood and may develop into Scrofula. This condition causes derangement of the digestive and assimilatory organs, with a feeling of enervation, languor, and weariness—often lightly spoken of as "only spring fever." These are evidences that Nature is not able, unaided, to throw off the corrupt atoms which weaken the vital forces. To regain health, Nature must be aided by a thorough blood-purifying medicine; and nothing else is so effective as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

which is sufficiently powerful to expel from the system even the taint of Hereditary Scrofula.

The medical profession indorse AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, and many attestations of the cures effected by it come from all parts of the world. It is, in the language of the Hon. Francis Jewett, ex-State Senator of Massachusetts and ex-Mayor of Lowell, "the only preparation that does real, lasting good."

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists: Price $1; Six bottles for $5.

ARMORY HALL, EBENSBURG.

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

Wednesday, November 24th

HARRIGAN'S

Double Hibernian Co.,

Irish and American Tourists.

Positively the largest and most complete entertainment of the kind in existence.

8 GREAT COMEDIANS 8

Supported by a Strong Comedy Company in the Funniest of all Comedies,

2 THE TWO BARNEYS, 2

Or Mulligan's Double.

A tour through Ireland, Rome and America, showing you nearly all of the principal cities and magnificent ruins. A varied and picturesque delineation of the life, customs and scenery by a company of ladies and gentlemen who would scorn to display anything but the most refined entertainment. During the tour the following celebrities will appear:

JERRY COHAN, DAN RYAN,
WM. WILLIAMSON,
BILLY WATSON, JOHN EAGAN,
WM. BANFORD
TIM. COHAN, PAT TOUHEY,
GEORGE REYNOLDS.
NELLIE COHAN PATTI BISHOP,
and ALICE YEAMONS.

L. W. WASHBURN,
Business Manager,
R. A. BIGELOW, Press Agent.

Secure your seats early at James' Drug Store and avoid the rush.

NOTICE.—Notice to the Stockholders of the Jackson Joint Stock Oil company, Limited, That there will be a meeting at Fairview, Cambria county, Pa., on FRIDAY, NOV. 20, 1885, at 2 o'clock P. M., to make a nomination for officers of the Company to be elected at the ensuing year, at an election to be held at Fairview, on Friday, December the 4th, 1885, at 2 o'clock P. M.

All Stockholders should attend both meetings.

P. F. CUSTER,
Secretary.

Fairview, Nov. 10, 1885.

NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of the County of Cambria. To the heirs and legal representatives of Gillian Hoffman, deceased.

GREETING. You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of the Orphans' Court, to be held at Ebensburg, on the first Monday of December next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Gillian Hoffman, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said Court, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

D. A. LUTHER,
Sheriff.

Ebensburg, Oct. 29, 1885.

NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of the County of Cambria. To the heirs and legal representatives of Catharine Laemer, deceased.

GREETING. You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of the Orphans' Court, to be held at Ebensburg, on the first Monday of December next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Catharine Laemer, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said Court, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

D. A. LUTHER,
Sheriff.

Ebensburg, Nov. 4, 1885.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION OF CHARTER FOR THE PLEASANT HILL CEMETERY ASSOCIATION.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County on the *second Monday of December* next for a charter for the "Pleasant Hill Cemetery Association" the object of which association is to procure, maintain and decorate a cemetery at or near Glasgow, Cambria county, Pa.

A. V. BARKER,
Attorney for Petitioners.

Ebensburg, Nov. 20, 1885.-3t.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

Estate of HENRY BROWN, deceased.

Letters of Administration, *cum testamento annexo*, on the estate of Henry Brown, deceased, late of Wilmore borough, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same must present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARGARET BROWN,
Administratrix.

Wilmore, Nov. 20, 1885.-6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of DENNIS BRAWLEY, deceased.

Letters testamentory on the estate of Dennis Brawley, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same must present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Executor.

Ebensburg, Nov. 20, 1885.-6t.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that John P. O'Neill, of Washington township, Cambria county, has made a general assignment for the benefit of his creditors to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the said John P. O'Neill are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them to the assignee without delay.

PHILIP J. SANDERS, Assignee.

Nov. 20, 1885.-6t.

STRAY STEER.—Came to the premises of the subscriber, in Summerhill township, Cambria county, on or about April 1st last, a yearling steer dark brindle, with a notch in the under part of the right ear and a white face. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away; otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

DANIEL SKELLY.

Nov. 20, 1885.

Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias Vend Expon and Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the MANSION HOUSE, Johnstown, Pa., on

Saturday, November 28, 1885,

at ten o'clock A. M., to wit:

All the right title and interest of Henry Anstead of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Jackson, county of Cambria, Pa., adjoining land of Jacob Kelter, on the south Jacob Kleinfelter, on the east John MacIoll, on the north and David Kelter on the west, containing 106 acres, more or less and about 60 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two-story frame house, frame barn and outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Henry Anstead. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Henry O. Miltenberger.

Also. All the right title and interest of Fosler W. Davis of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the village of Morrellville, Lower Yoder township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the west by Church street and running back to an alley on the east, having an alley on the north and lot of Geo. Adams on the south, having thereon erected a two-story plank house and outbuildings, now in the occupancy of F. W. Davis. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of James Duncan.

Also. All the right title and interest of A. J. Haws, Joseph Rush, W. A. Stonebraker, James Sansom, W. B. Keller, Richard George, R. E. Edwards and C. W. Marsh all trustees of the Second Methodist Episcopal church, of Johnstown, Pa. The said building is located on a lot or piece of ground situate on Franklin street in the First ward, of Johnstown, borough, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Fronting fifty feet on the easterly side of Franklin street and extending back the same width sixty six feet to an alley. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Margaret Koplin on the north and lot of George W. Kerr on the south. It is a two-story brick building, designed for a church and having a front of forty feet on Franklin street and extending back the same width sixty six feet to an alley. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of C. B. Ellis.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two-thirds at the confirmation of the deed.

Sheriff's Office, Eb'g, Pa., November 2, 1885. } D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

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All the right title and interest of Henry Anstead of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Jackson, county of Cambria, Pa., adjoining land of Jacob Kelter, on the south Jacob Kleinfelter, on the east John MacIoll, on the north and David Kelter on the west, containing 106 acres, more or less and about 60 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two-story frame house, frame barn and outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Henry Anstead. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Henry O. Miltenberger.

Also. All the right title and interest of Fosler W. Davis of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the village of Morrellville, Lower Yoder township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the west by Church street and running back to an alley on the east, having an alley on the north and lot of Geo. Adams on the south, having thereon erected a two-story plank house and outbuildings, now in the occupancy of F. W. Davis. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of James Duncan.

Also. All the right title and interest of A. J. Haws, Joseph Rush, W. A. Stonebraker, James Sansom, W. B. Keller, Richard George, R. E. Edwards and C. W. Marsh all trustees of the Second Methodist Episcopal church, of Johnstown, Pa. The said building is located on a lot or piece of ground situate on Franklin street in the First ward, of Johnstown, borough, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Fronting fifty feet on the easterly side of Franklin street and extending back the same width sixty six feet to an alley. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Margaret Koplin on the north and lot of George W. Kerr on the south. It is a two-story brick building, designed for a church and having a front of forty feet on Franklin street and extending back the same width sixty six feet to an alley. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of C. B. Ellis.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two-thirds at the confirmation of the deed.

Sheriff's Office, Eb'g, Pa., November 2, 1885. } D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale

By virtue of a writ of *Levari Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County and to me directed, the following described real estate will be exposed to public sale at the Mansion House, Johnstown, Pa., on

SATURDAY, 5th Day of December,

at **1 o'clock, p. m.**, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Adam Kemery, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Ta lor, county of Cambria and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a land of Nelson Stewart and Allen Brown south 55 degrees, west 176 perches to a hickory thence by land, now or late, of Henry Gochenour south 50½ degrees, east 75 perches to a stone; thence by land now or late of John C. Gochenour south 83½ degrees, east 65 perches to a post, north 81½ degrees, west 22 perches to a post; south 31½ degrees, east 14 perches to a cherry; south 74½ degrees, east 20 4-10 perches to a chestnut; thence by said land of Jacob C. Gonghenour north 30 degrees, east 10 4-10 perches to a hickory, north 29 degrees east 95 perches to a post; thence by land now or late of John Stewart north 25 degrees, west 185 perches to beech, north 35 degrees, west 22 perches to a post, north 35 degrees, west 64 perches to the place of beginning, containing 123 acres, 13 perches and allowances, more or less. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the Johnstown Savings Bank.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two-thirds on confirmation of the deed.

D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 10, 1885.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—

Whereas, the Hon. Robt. L. Johnston, President of the Court of Common Pleas of the 4th Judicial district, consisting of the County of Cambria, and the Hon. J

The New Tax Law.

...upplement to an act entitled An ... provide revenue by taxation; approved ... seventh of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted, That all mortgages, money owing by solvent debtors, whether by promissory note or bond or single bill, bond or judgment, or all articles of agreement and accounts bearing interest owned or possessed by any person or persons whatsoever, except notes or bills for work or labor done, and all obligations given to banks for money loaned and bank notes and all public loan or stocks whatsoever, except those issued by this Commonwealth or the United States, and all money loaned or invested in any other State and all other moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens of the State, shall be and are hereby taxable for state purposes at the rate of three mills on the dollar of the value thereof annually. *Provided*, That the same shall after the passage of this act be exempt from all taxation except for State purposes: *Provided*, The provisions of this act shall not apply to building and loan associations.

SEC. 2. All shares of stock in any bank, banking or saving institution or company, safe, deposit, guarantee, or trust company now or hereafter incorporated by or in pursuance of any law of this Commonwealth or of the United States, shall be and are hereby made taxable for State purposes at the rate of three mills on the dollar or the value thereof annually.

SEC. 3. In case any bank or savings institution, safe deposit, guarantee, surety and real-estate title insurance or trust company incorporated by this State under the laws of any other State or the United States, shall elect to collect annually from the shareholders thereof a tax of six-tenths of one per centum upon the par value of all the shares of said bank or savings institution, and pay the same into the State Treasury on or before the first day of March in each year, the shares and so much of the capital and profits of such bank as shall not be invested in real estate, shall be exempt from all other taxation under the laws of this Commonwealth.

SEC. 4. That hereafter it shall be the duty of the treasurer of each private corporation, incorporated by or under the laws of this Commonwealth or the laws of any other State or of the United States and doing business in this Commonwealth, upon the payment of any interest or any scrip, bond, or certificate of indebtedness issued by said corporation to residents of this Commonwealth and held by them to assess the tax imposed and provided for State purposes upon the nominal value of each and every said evidence of debt, and to report on oath annually on the first Monday of November to the Auditor General the amount of indebtedness of the corporation owned by residents of this Commonwealth as nearly as the same can be ascertained, and it shall be his further duty to deduct three mills on every dollar of the interest paid as aforesaid, and return the same into the State Treasury within fifteen days after the thirty-first day in December of each year, and his compensation for his services shall be the same that city and borough treasurers receive for similar services, and for every failure to assess and pay said tax and make report as aforesaid, the Auditor General shall add ten per centum of said tax to the amount of the tax on account of said bonds, certificates, or certificates of indebtedness issued by him as exempt from other taxation to the holders of the bonds or the same.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the president or cashier of every bank of savings or saving, safe deposit guarantee surety, and real-estate title insurance or trust company incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth, or any other State, or of the United States, and doing business in this Commonwealth, failing to pay in the six mill tax as aforesaid, to make report in writing to the Auditor General on or before the twentieth day of June in each year, stating specifically the amount of capital stock, and the amount paid in full and complete list of the shareholders of such bank or savings institution, with their residence and number and par value of shares of stock held by each person respectively, value of said stock in the market where such bank is located during the year ending with the twentieth day of June, which said report shall be verified by the oath of the president or cashier taken before some officer authorized to administer oaths; and the said president or cashier shall also furnish a duplicate original of said report to the commissioners of the proper city or county in which such bank or institution is located, to be used by them for the purpose of assessing all taxes against said shareholders. The Auditor General shall have power to inquire into the value of such stock, and either abate or increase the assessment, as may be just. If the said bank officers shall neglect or refuse to furnish the report aforesaid, as above required, it shall be the duty of the Auditor General to require the said officers to appear before him in person with the books and accounts of the said bank or savings institution for interrogation and examination; and the Auditor General shall have power to issue subpœnas and attachments, to be served by any constable or sheriff, and to compel the attendance of such bank officer and the production of such books and papers as he may deem necessary; to make a correct list of the shareholders, with their residence and the number and value of their shares; and the said Auditor General may settle an account in the usual mode against the individual shareholders for the State tax of three mills, and proceed to collect the same according to law; and he shall also transmit the lists and assessments made by him to the commissioners of the proper cities and counties, to be used by them in assessing taxes against the said shareholders; and any president or cashier of any bank or savings institution neglecting or refusing to furnish the said report, or to do and perform any of the matters and things required of him by this act, shall be liable to a penalty of one thousand dollars; and any bank or

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THE WEEKLY POST

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Ring out the false, ring in the true."

Cleveland and Hendricks have been elected. After the fourth of March there will be a Democratic administration at Washington, with great possibilities for the progress, prosperity and advancement of the country.

As THE POST has labored unceasingly for twenty-five years for these glorious results, so it will extend to the new administration a hearty greeting and a cordial support in the re-establishment of principles and policies vital to the public welfare, by reforming abuses, righting wrongs and asserting the supremacy of the Democratic faith. We are on the threshold of important events and great changes. To a Democrat, who aided in Cleveland's election, the future is full of interest and hope.

THE WEEKLY POST will aim to keep fully abreast of the times in everything relating to the incoming administration. Its policy at home and abroad will be intelligently discussed, generously supported or candidly and kindly criticised. No year in the history of this journal promises to be so replete with matters of interest to Democrats as the one which we are about to enter. The meeting of Congress, the declaration of the Presidential vote, the inauguration, the new Cabinet, the changes in the departments, the Senate organizing and the books all are of great concern. THE WEEKLY POST will furnish the earliest intelligence, with judicious comment from the old Democratic standpoint. Success will not hamper it any more than a quarter of a century of defeat impaired its energies.

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savings institution refusing to permit the said president or cashier to make the said reports or to produce the books or accounts as above required, shall be liable to a like penalty of one thousand dollars; and the Auditor General may settle an account against the president and cashier so neglecting or refusing to make report as aforesaid, or against the bank or savings institution refusing to permit the making of said report or the production of its books and papers as aforesaid, and proceed for the collection of said penalties for the use of the Commonwealth in the same manner as taxes are now recoverable by law.

SEC. 6. The Board of Revision in the city of Philadelphia and the commissioners of the other counties of the Commonwealth shall furnish the assessors of the several townships and boroughs of their respective counties with proper blanks, the form of which to be prescribed by the Auditor General, and the several assessors shall furnish the same to each taxable person, upon which blank the taxable person shall make return of the aggregate amount of all matters owned by him made taxable by this act, as well as of all other personal property taxable for State purposes: *Provided*, That the taxable person shall not include in said return the obligations of public or private corporations, the tax upon which is required by law to be collected from the holder of such obligations and paid into the State Treasury by the corporation.

SEC. 7. It shall be the duty of every taxable person to make the return prescribed in the preceding section of this act within ten days after being required so to do, with his or her affidavit thereto attached, made and subscribed before the proper assessor that the return is true and correct to the best of his or her knowledge and belief. Any person who shall wilfully and corruptly make a false and fraudulent return shall be guilty of corrupt and wilful perjury.

SEC. 8. The several assessors are hereby authorized and required to administer the oaths and affirmations required by this act to all taxable persons without charge.

SEC. 9. Upon the refusal or failure of any taxable persons to make a return as required by this act, it shall be the duty of the assessor to make a return for such person, estimating the amount from the best information at his command, to which estimated return the proper county commissioners or boards of revision shall add fifty per centum, and the aggregate amount shall be the basis for taxation: *Provided*, That if such taxable person on or before the day fixed for appeals from assessments shall present reasons, under oath satisfactory to the proper county commissioners or boards of revision, excusing the failure to make a return, and shall then make such a return as should have been made to the assessor, the proper county commissioner or boards of revision shall substitute the taxable person's return for that returned by the assessor, to have like effect as if no failure had occured.

SEC. 10. That it shall be the duty of county commissioners or the Board of revision of taxes in counties or cities co-extensive with counties forthwith, upon the passage of this act, to appoint some suitable person whose duty it shall be to make an examination of the dockets of the recorder of deeds, mortgages, and so forth, from the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty two, if the county has been in existence so long, as; if not from the date of the organization of the county to the present time. And the dockets of the prothonotary or clerk of common pleas from the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty to the present time, and make report to said county commissioners or board of revision of taxes the number and amount of unsatisfied mortgages, bonds and judgments, and agreements for the payment of money, and the names of the parties thereto, which information shall be filed of record in the office of the said county commissioners or board of revision of taxes.

SEC. 11. That from and after the passage of this act it shall be the duty of the recorder of deeds, mortgages and other instruments of writing in each and every county and city co-extensive with a county in this commonwealth to keep a daily record, separate and apart from all other record, of every mortgage or article of agreement given to secure the payment of money entered in his office for recording, which said record shall set forth the following information, to wit: The date of the mortgage or agreement, the names of the parties thereto, the just sum of money secured, and the date or several dates when the said sum or portions of the said sum shall become due and payable; and, also, the number of mortgages and agreements, together with the amount of the same and the names of the parties thereto, which shall have been that day satisfied of his record; and it shall be the further duty of the recorder, at the close of every business day, to file the aforesaid daily record of mortgages, etc., in the commissioners' office, or with the board of revision of taxes of the proper county or city.

SEC. 12. That it shall be the duty of the prothonotary or clerk of the common pleas in each and every county or city co-extensive with counties of this Commonwealth forthwith upon the passage of this act, to keep a daily record, separate and apart from all other records, of every single bill, bond, judgment, or other instrument securing a debt, entered of record in his office, which record shall set forth the following information, to-wit: The date of the instrument, the names of the plaintiff and defendant, the just sum secured, and the date or several dates when the said sum or portion of the same shall become due and payable, with the further information whether any of said bonds or judgments are accompanied with mortgages, and, also, the number of every single bill, bond, judgment, or other instrument securing a debt, together with the amount of the same, and the names of the plaintiff and defendant thereto, which shall have been that day satisfied; and it it shall be the further duty of the prothonotary or clerk of the common pleas to file the aforesaid daily record of bills and so forth in the commissioners' office or with the board of revision of taxes in the proper county or city.

SEC. 13. That it shall be the duty of the county commissioners or board of revision of taxes, upon the obtaining record of the existence within any county or city co-extensive with a county of said mortgages that shall be owned by a person resident within this Commonwealth and not residing in said county, to transmit a certified statement of said record to the county commissioners or board of revision of taxes of the proper county or city wherein said person is domiciled, and, also, to further transmit to said commissioners or board of revision of taxes a certified statement, whenever it shall appear from the record that said mortgages and other obligations are satisfied, which, upon its receipt, shall be filed of record by the county commissioners or boards of revision of taxes.

SEC. 14. That it shall be the further duty of the county commissioners or the board of revision of taxes of the proper county or city, upon receipt of the daily records from the offices of the recorder or prothonotary or clerk, to file the same in their office, and on or before the time of making the annual or triennial assessment in any year to prepare from the said records statements showing the number and amount of said mortgages and all other obligations, and the names of the parties thereto, in each township or ward in the county, which said statement shall be delivered to the assessor or assessors of each township or ward respectively, before said officers shall enter upon the discharge of their proper duties.

SEC. 15. That it shall be the duty of the assessor or assessors in making up their valuations in money at interest in their respective districts to compare the personal return made by each person with the statement furnished by the county commissioners or board of revision of taxes and if the amount of said mortgages or other obligations as contained in said statement shall exceed the amount set forth in the personal return of any person to note the fact and make return of the same to the county commissioners or board of revision of taxes of the proper city or county.

SEC. 16. That it shall further be the duty of the county commissioners or board of revision of taxes upon the returns made to them by the assessors of the several townships or wards, in all cases where it shall appear on proving the record that any person has returned a less amount of moneys than appears from the records in possession of the county commissioners or board of revision of taxes, thereupon to raise the valuation of the property of said person to the amount set forth in said records, and forthwith to notify the persons interested of said increase of valuation, and that the same is subject to be appealed from at the same time and in the same manner as the original assessment.

SEC. 17. That it shall be the duty of the State Treasurer and Auditor General, in the settlement of the State tax account for the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty six, to allow in addition to the compensation for collection of said tax now authorized by law, a further compensation of five per centum or such part thereof as may be necessary, and to be proven by vouchers presented to and approved by the board of revenue commissioners, which amount shall be applied by the county commissioners or board of revision of taxes in payment of the expenses incurred in obtaining the record set forth in section ten of this act: *Provided*, That if the sum of five per centum shall not be deemed by the State Treasurer and Auditor General a just and sufficient compensation for the furnishing of such records, that in lieu thereof they may allow in counties of less than forty-five thousand inhabitants a sum not to exceed five hundred dollars, in counties of less than eighty thousand and more than forty five thousand inhabitants a sum not to exceed eight hundred dollars and in counties of less than one hundred and thirty thousand and more than eighty thousand inhabitants a sum not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars, in counties of less than four hundred thousand and more than one hundred and thirty thousand inhabitants a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars, and in counties having more than four hundred thousand inhabitants a sum not exceeding twenty-five hundred dollars.

SEC. 18. Any failure on the part of county commissioners, boards of revision of taxes, ward and township assessors, recorders of deeds, prothonotaries, and clerks of courts to carry out the duties imposed upon them by the several sections of this act shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction therof the person or persons so failing to comply shall be sentenced to a fine of not less than five hundred dollars.

SEC. 19. That the Auditor General shall furnish to the county commissioners or boards of revision the necessary books, blank notices and papers to carry this act into effect.

SEC. 20. That the taxes laid upon manufacturing corporations by and under the laws of this Commonwealth, be and are hereby abolished as to such corporations, and the laws under which such taxes are laid and collected, be and the same are hereby repealed, so far and only as they apply to and affect manufacturing corporations: *Provided*, That the provisions of this act shall not apply to corporations engaged in the manufacture of malt, spirituous or vinous liquors, or in the manufacture of gas: *Provided*, This act shall go into effect immediately, reserving and excepting unto the Commonwealth the right to collect any taxes accrued under the laws repealed by this act.

SEC. 21. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

ONE reason for draining out low and wet places on the farm, which perhaps has not entered into consideration as it should, is that the grass on these wet places is less nutricious than that which grow on dry and well-drained land, and stock does not even eat as well. The draining not only increases the yield of grass, but makes it more nutricious, and stock will eat it much better. For these reasons swampy bottom lands and wet hillsides should be well drained.

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Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try "Wells's Health Renewer."

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Stinging, irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-Paiba." $1.

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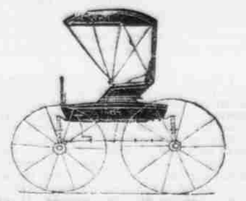

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Whence comes this epidemic of suicides and murders? Recent discussions have named several causes. Hon. C. H. Reeve, of Indiana, charges it to infidel teachings—holding that hopelessness of a future state cripples fortitude for bearing life's ills. Another declares suffering from the universal business depressions the cause. A third writer attributes it to increasing insanity, a physician thinks much of the tendency is inherited, while temperance advocates lay the responsibility upon strong drink.

Free-thinkers have committed suicide, but so have orthodox churchmen. Financial straits have beset many, but the wealthy have also taken their life.

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One feature common to almost every such crime challenges attention. Well nigh every report of suicide and family murder mentions the perpetrator as having "for some time been subject to melancholy." Whence comes this? All recognize medical authorities tell us that the fire which consumes the brain is always kindled by derangements of digestion; that good digestion is impossible without pure blood, and pure blood is never known when the liver and kidneys are out of order. Under such circumstances, a preventive should be sought, and for this Warner's safe cure is sovereign—a fact conceded by the best authorities in the land, and it is especially commended by the celebrated Dr. Dio Lewis.—*Rochester Democrat.*

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Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Swellings, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations, Humors and diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of the Bitters.
Pin, Tape and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuge, no anthelmintics, will free the system from Worms like VINEGAR BITTERS.
Remember, Scarlet Fever, Mumps, Whooping Cough, and all children's diseases will be much less severe by keeping the bowels open with mild doses of the BITTERS.
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Cleanse the Vitiated Blood when its impurities burst through the skin in Eruptions or Sores, cleanse it when obstructed and sluggish in the veins; keep it pure, and when it is foul, your feelings will tell you when, and the health of the system will follow.
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